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Preparation, Separation, Filtration & Monitoring Products

Improved endotoxin removal using ecofriendly detergents Intensified plasmid DNA capture

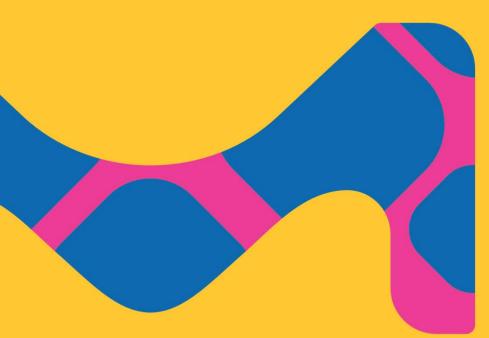
Juan Amor DCVMN International 2024



Agenda



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1- Plasmid Production overview

- 2- High productivity direct plasmid capture step
- 3- Endotoxin clearance strategy for plasmid capture



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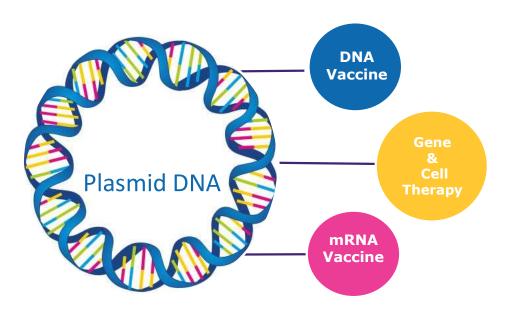
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Plasmid Production Overview



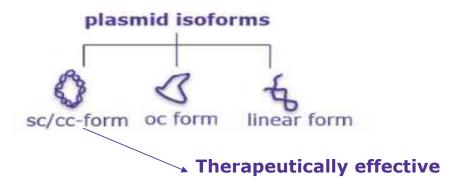
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Background What is plasmid and why do we care?



Characteristic

- Extrachromosomal circular DNA
- Commonly in bacterial organisms
- Sensitive to mechanical stress



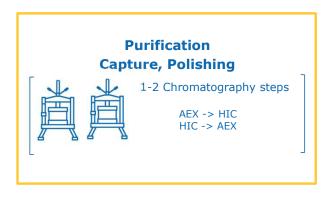
Solutions to improve plasmid production are needed!

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Process Overview Plasmid Manufacturing

pDNA Manufacturing image: point of the second sec





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High productivity direct plasmid capture step

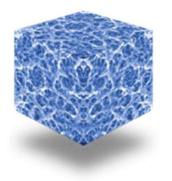




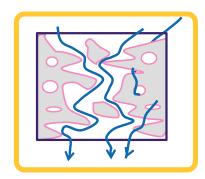
Natrix[®] Q Chromatography Membrane in Single-use Format **Improved performance enabling high-throughput capture**

Material Properties

- Composite membrane, high mechanical strength
- Macroporous hydrogel, nominal pore size: 0.4 μm
- Large accessible surface for plasmids and other macromolecules



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Improved endotoxin removal using ecofriendly detergents

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Plasmid DNA Case Study

AEX Capture Chromatography - Test Overview and Methods

Clarified lysate conditions:

- + 6.5 kbp pDNA, 24 μ g/mL titer. 1.5M K-acetate buffer, pH 5.3, 86.9 ms/cm
- Nucleic acid content: 3.8% pDNA, 96.2% RNA. Endotoxin content: 380,000 EU/mg pDNA

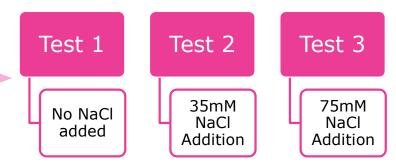
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| Step | Mobile Phase | Membrane Volumes | Flowrate |
|-------|--|---------------------------|-----------|
| Equil | 1M K-Acetate + 150 mM NaCl, pH 5.0 (75 mS/cm) | 50 MV | 10 MV/min |
| Load | Clarified, sterile filtered lysate pH 5.2 | 11 mg pDNA/mL membrane | 10 MV/min |
| Wash | 1M K-Acetate + 150 mM NaCl, pH 5.0 (75 mS/cm) | 20 MV | 10 MV/min |
| Elute | 100 mM Tris, pH 9 + 1M NaCl | 50 MV | 5 MV/min |
| CIP | 1M NaOH + 2 M NaCl | 20 MV | 10 MV/min |

Analytics:

- DNA and RNA content assessed by HPLC (Tosoh DNA-NPR method)¹
- Endotoxin content assessed by Charles River Endosafe assay
 - ¹ Urthaler 2005
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Impact of NaCl supplementation on RNA clearance



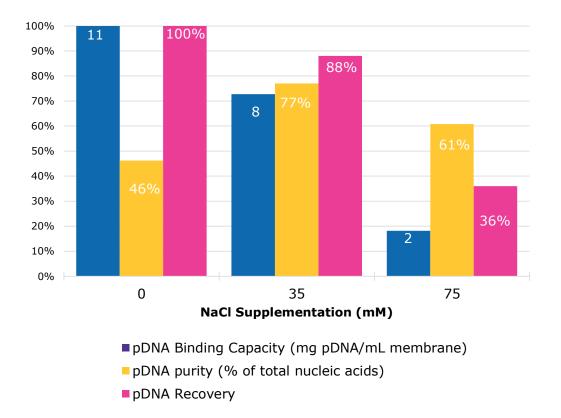
Capture pDNA while impurities (RNA) flowthrough





Plasmid DNA Case Study AEX Capture Chromatography - Results

Impact of Salt Supplementation on Capacity, Purity, Recovery



35 mM NaCl supplementation offers best balance of capacity, purity, recovery:

- Capacity = 8 mg pDNA/mL membrane
- Nucleic acid purity = 77% pDNA
- pDNA recovery = 88%
- Endotoxin content = 3,100 EU/mg pDNA

Can RNA and endotoxin purity be further improved with an alternative wash strategy?

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Endotoxin clearance strategy for plasmid capture





Endotoxin Molecule characteristics

- Structure
- Unique group of Lipopolysaccharides (LPS)
- Occur naturally in the cell wall of Gram-negative bacteria

Physico-Chemical Properties

- Amphiphilic character: negatively charged core region <-> hydrophobic lipid A part
- Self-aggregating properties; formation of supramolecular structures (micells)

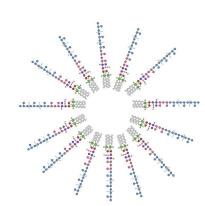


Fig 1. LPS molecular structure¹

core

O-antigen



¹ Peri F, Pure Appl. Chem. 2012; 84(1): 97–106

Due to their pyrogenic effects, endotoxins are a critical impurity to remove from therapeutics.



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Lipid A

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Detergent Use in Bioprocessing Solution to improve endotoxin clearance

- Some plasmid feeds may result in high endotoxin content in the AEX eluate
 - Dependent on cell culture characteristics, lysis conditions, AEX material, etc.
- Triton[™] X-100 has been used by the biopharmaceutical industry for effective endotoxin clearance
- Triton[™] X-100 has a broad range of uses:
 - Virus inactivation for blood-derived therapeutics, recombinant proteins
 - Cell lysis in viral vector production
 - Protein solubilization

However:

- As of January 2021, TRITON™ X-100 has been prohibited in the EU unless authorization is granted
- This decision affects European manufacturers and downstream users

There is a need to identify eco-friendly TRITON™ X-100 alternatives

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Detergents Use in Bioprocessing Considerations when choosing a detergent

Effective endotoxin removal **Process** Requirements Does not adversely affect yield or quality of the product • Low or no interference with product related analytical assays Does not interfere with subsequent purification • Can be sufficiently removed from the product by the capture and subsequent DSP steps Material Environmentally compatible **Attributes** • High quality, purity Low toxicity potential Supply availability User eviron" C16 **Requirements** • Suitability for different applications



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Plasmid DNA Case Study AEX Capture Chromatography- Wash Strategy

StepMobile PhaseStepEquilibration1M K-Acetate + 150 mM NaCl, pH 5.0 (75 mS/cm)EquilibrationLoadClarified, sterile filtered lysate pH 5.2 + 35mM NaClWashWash1M K-Acetate + 150 mM NaCl, pH 5.0 (75 mS/cm)Detergent
WashElute100 mM Tris, pH 9 + 1M NaClElute w /EDC

Control Wash

StepMobile PhaseEquilibration1M K-Acetate + 150 mM NaCl, pH 5.0 (75 mS/cm)LoadClarified, sterile filtered lysate pH 5.2 + 35mM NaClWash1M K-Acetate + 150 mM NaCl, pH 5.0 (75 mS/cm)Detergent
Wash0.1M Tris, 10mM NaCl, + 0.5% detergent, pH 7.5EDTA Wash0.1M Tris, 10mM NaCl, + 2mM EDTA, pH 7.5Elute w/EDTA100 mM Tris, 1M NaCl + 2mM EDTA, pH 9CIP1M NaOH + 2 M NaCl

Results

| | Nucleic Acid Content | Endotoxin Content | Cycle Time | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Feed Conditions | 4% DNA, 96% RNA | 380,000 EU/mg | N/A | |
| Elution w/ Control wash (measured from eluate pool) | 77% DNA, 23% RNA | 3,100 EU/mg | 55 min | |
| Elution w/ Detergent wash (measured from eluate pool) | 95% DNA, 5% RNA | 500 EU/mg | 65 min | |

1M NaOH + 2 M NaCl

CIP

Detergent Wash

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Plasmid DNA Case Study AEX Capture Chromatography- Membrane Vs Resin

1

7.3

cycle

g pDNA/L/hr

100 L batch of clarified lysate, 3.6 g pDNA Membrane Chromatography **Resin Chromatography Binding Capacity** 8 g/L **Binding Capacity** 3 g/L Membrane Volume 0.46 L **Resin Volume** 1.18 L Flow Rate 4.6 LPM Flow Rate 0.3 LPM Step Time hr Step Time 9.9 hr 1.1

Cycles

Productivity

Natrix[®] Q membrane is 24x more productive than resin

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Cycles

Productivity



1

0.3

cycle

g pDNA/L/hr

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Conclusions

Intensified plasmid capture solution: Membrane adsorber and optimal salt supplementation approach offers 3x plasmid binding capacity at 10x higher throughput.

Identified eco-friendly detergent for endotoxin removal that meet process, material, and user requirements

3

2

Identified eco-friendly detergent protocol for robust and high endotoxin clearance

- Integration into wash buffer preferred
- Low residual detergent levels
- No impact on plasmid binding capacity, yield, and purity
- **Deviron[™] C16** detergent: clearance >500x more than without detergent



Thank you



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