Benefits of Alternative Hosts in Vaccine Manufacturing: Speed, Cost, and Quality

> Laura Crowell Director R&D, Sunflower Tx DCVMN Webinar August 13 2024



# **Today's Speakers**



### LAURA CROWELL

Director, Research & Development

### **Sunflower Tx**



### **ALEXANDRA BONNYMAN**

Director, Engineering Operations

### **Sunflower Tx**



Sunflower is an early-stage company delivering next-generation biomanufacturing solutions to global innovators servicing a >\$500B market for protein medicines, vaccines and food.

> Just like anyone can grow sunflowers anywhere, our solutions are easy to use and empower anyone to efficiently make proteins anywhere.





# Conventional Biomanufacturing is Expensive, Highly Manual, and not Continuous



DCVMN Webinar - August 13, 2024

PC: Novo Nordisk

## Our Goal: Make Protein Manufacturing More Accessible



### Host organism impacts cost and simplicity for bioprocess





# What host organism do you most commonly use?

- A. Bacteria (e.g. E.coli)
- B. Yeast (e.g. P. pastoris)
- C. Mammalian cells (e.g. CHO)
- D. Other organism



# **Eukaryotic Microbes Enable Process Simplicity**

	Bacteria ( <i>E. coli</i> )	Eukaryotic Microbes ( <i>P. pastori</i> s)	Mammalian Cells (CHO)
Protein Secretion			
Initial Purity	<b>&lt;&lt;50%</b>	<b>&gt;70%</b>	<50%
No Endotoxin			
No Adventitious Agents			
Process Complexity	HIGH	LOW	MED



# **Eukaryotic Microbes Enable Lower Cost**

	Bacteria ( <i>E. coli</i> )	Eukaryotic Microbes ( <i>P. pastori</i> s)	Mammalian Cells ( <i>CHO</i> )
Process Complexity	HIGH	LOW	MED
Doubling Time	<1 HR	<b>2-3 HR</b>	>12 HR
<b>Facility Utilization</b>	POOR	GOOD	POOR



# **Eukaryotic Microbes Enable Lower Cost**

	Bacteria ( <i>E. coli</i> )	Eukaryotic Microbes ( <i>P. pastori</i> s)	Mammalian Cells ( <i>CHO</i> )
Process Complexity	HIGH	LOW	MED
Doubling Time	<1 HR	<b>2-3 HR</b>	>12 HR
Facility Utilization +	POOR	GOOD	POOR
Raw Material Cost	LOW	LOW	HIGH



# **Eukaryotic Microbes Enable Lower Cost**

	Bacteria ( <i>E. coli</i> )	Eukaryotic Microbes ( <i>P. pastoris</i> )	Mammalian Cells ( <i>CHO</i> )
Process Complexity	HIGH	LOW	MED
Doubling Time	<1 HR	<b>2-3 HR</b>	>12 HR
Facility Utilization +	POOR	GOOD	POOR
Raw Material Cost	LOW	LOW	HIGH
<u>Cost of Goods</u> <u>Manufactured</u>	MED	LOW	HIGH



# Pichia pastoris has Many Beneficial Properties



- Secretes complex proteins
- Grows like a microbe (2-3 hr doubling time)
- Reaches ultra high biomass

### **DEVELOPMENT CYCLES**

- G
  - Sequence to research cell bank in 4 weeks
  - Sequence to bulk drug substance in as few as 8 weeks

### DOWNSTREAM

- Raw secreted proteins typically 60-80% pure
- 10X fewer secreted host cell proteins than CHO
- No adventitious viruses

### REGULATORY

- Multiple FDA and EMA approved products
- GRAS\* organism
- No endotoxins

\*Generally Recognized As Safe (US FDA)

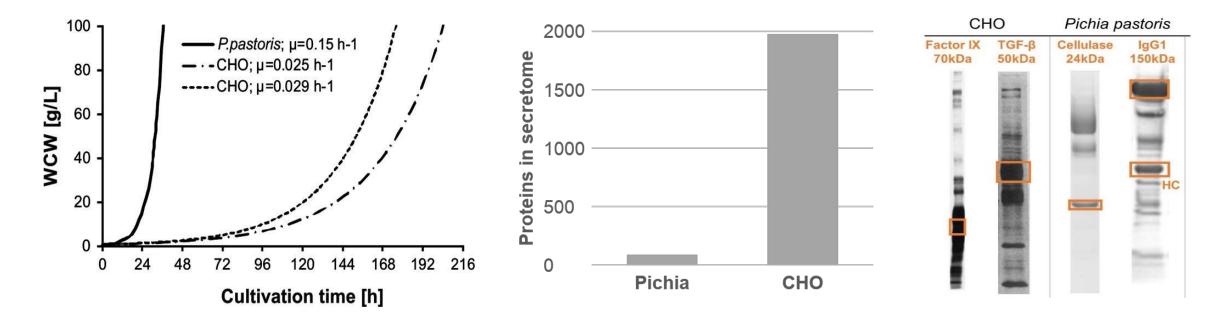


### Pichia pastoris has Many Beneficial Properties

**SPEED** 

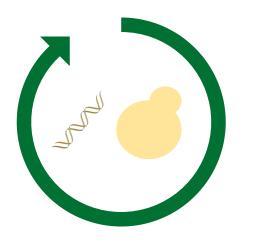
#### SIMPLICITY

### PURITY

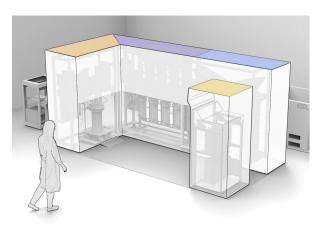




# Eukaryotic Microbes Enable Simplicity in Multiple Ways







### RAPID DESIGN CYCLES

for parallel strain & sequence optimization

### PLATFORMABLE PROCESSES

using integrated and continuous techniques

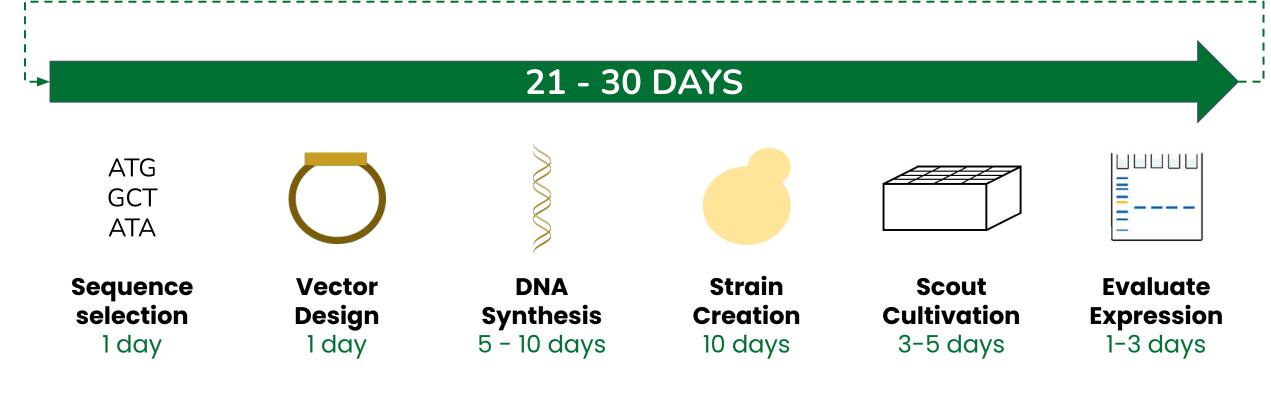
### NEXT-GENERATION EQUIPMENT

flexible, scalable, and user-friendly



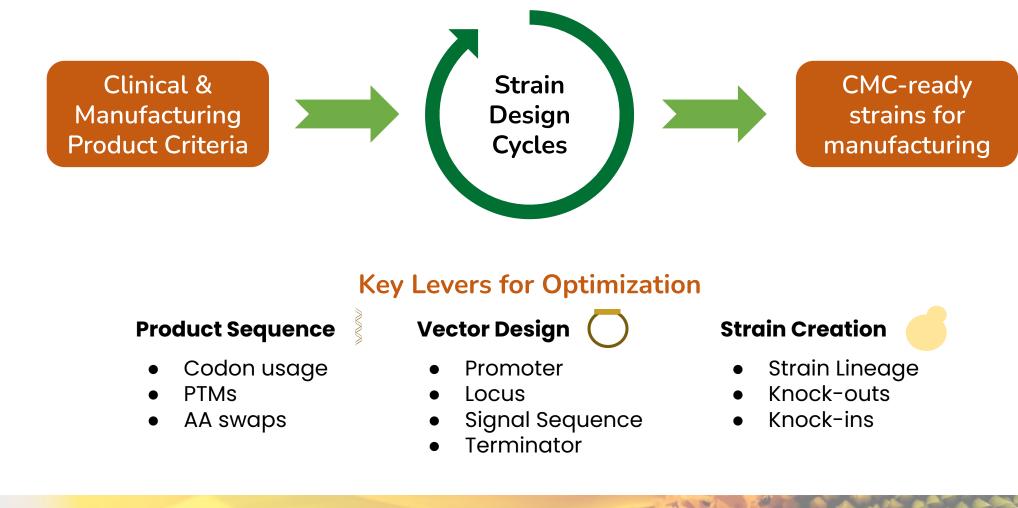
# **Design Cycles for Yeast Strain Production are Fast**

**Design Cycles for Improved Expression** 





### Design Cycles Support Rapid Product Optimization For Multiple Criteria Simultaneously





# **Parallelization Enables Even Faster Timelines**

Clinical & Manufacturing Product Criteria



CMC-ready strains for manufacturing

#### **Key Levers for Optimization**

#### **Product Sequence**

- Codon usage
- PTMs
- AA swaps

#### **Vector Design**

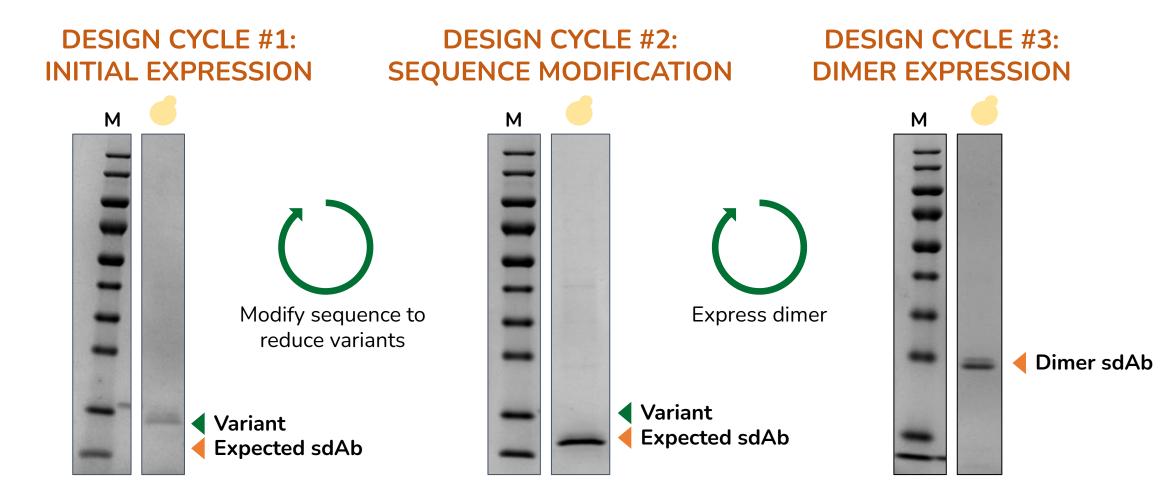
- Promoter
- Locus
- Signal Sequence
- Terminator

#### **Strain Creation**

- Strain Lineage
- Knock-outs
- Knock-ins



# Design Cycle Approach for a Single-Domain Antibody

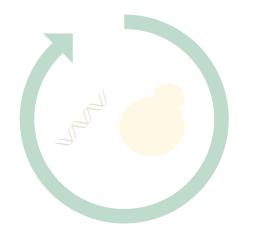


**Unpurified** cultivation supernatant

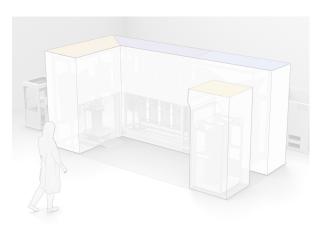
Sunflower

RAPEUTICS

# Eukaryotic Microbes Enable Simplicity in Multiple Ways







RAPID DESIGN CYCLES

for parallel strain & sequence optimization

### PLATFORMABLE PROCESSES

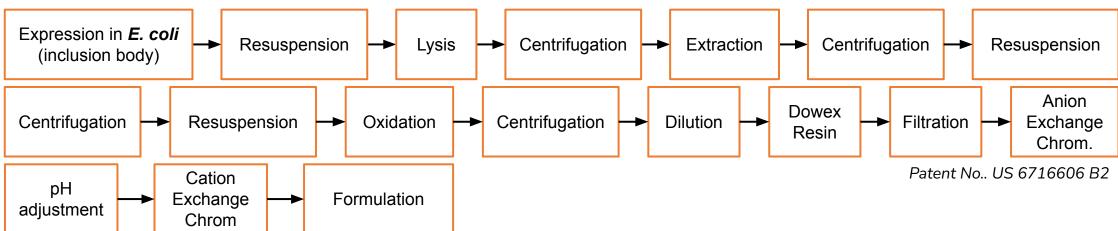
using integrated and continuous techniques

NEXT-GENERATION EQUIPMENT

flexible, scalable, and user-friendly



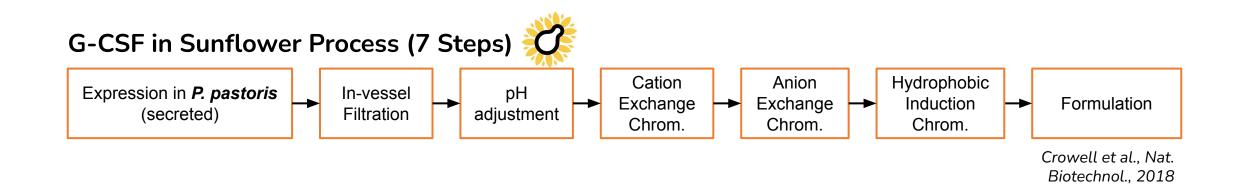
# **Conventional Processes Are Lengthy**



#### G-CSF in E. coli (18 Step conventional process)

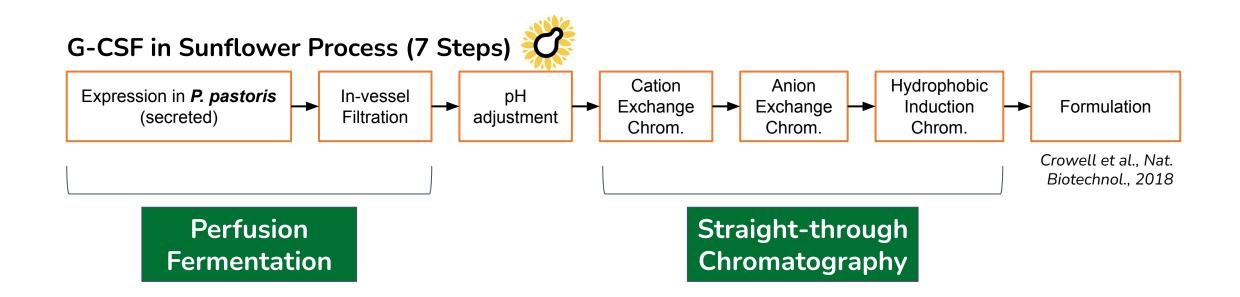


### Eukaryotic Microbes Enable Efficient Integrated Processes





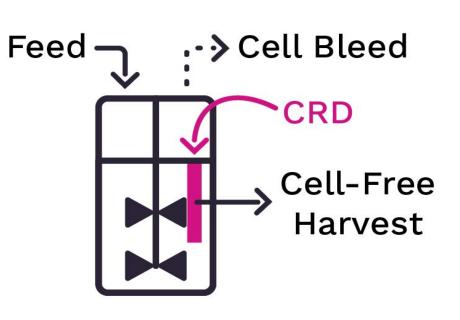
### Eukaryotic Microbes Enable Efficient Integrated Processes



Perfusion fermentation and straight-through Chromatography lead to a 60% reduction in the number of manufacturing steps



### Sunflower's Pioneering Technology Enables Perfusion Fermentation for Eukaryotic Microbes



\*Cell Retention Device

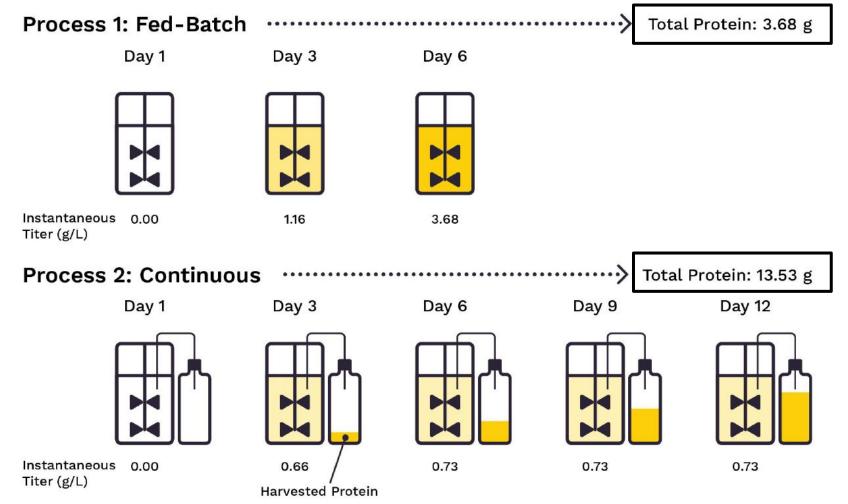
### **Benefits of Perfusion Fermentation**

- In-vessel cell retention device
- Cells never removed from bioreactor environment
- Healthier, more consistent cell culture
- Longer campaigns
- Ultra high cell mass achievable and maintainable
- Continuous harvest of secreted protein

Sunflower's device and automated controls delivers the *only available perfusion capabilities* for fermentation



### **Continuous Manufacturing with Eukaryotic Microbes Enables <u>Productivity</u>**





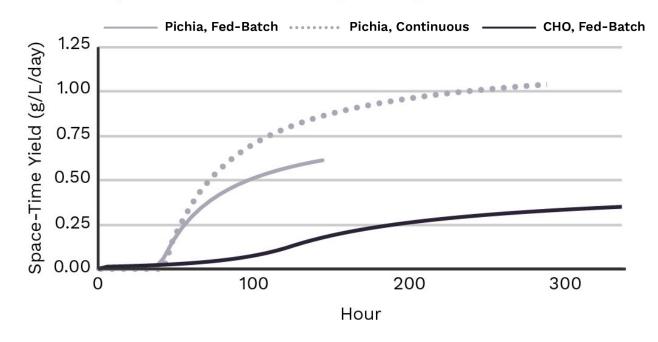
Are you familiar with the metric of <u>space-time yield</u> for measuring the productivity of a process?

- A. I've never heard of it!
- B. I've heard of it, but don't use it regularly.
- C. I regularly use space-time yield to evaluate my processes.



### **Continuous Manufacturing with Eukaryotic Microbes Enables <u>Productivity</u>**

Space-Time Yield (g/L/day)



**Space-Time Yield** is a metric for normalized comparison of fermentations

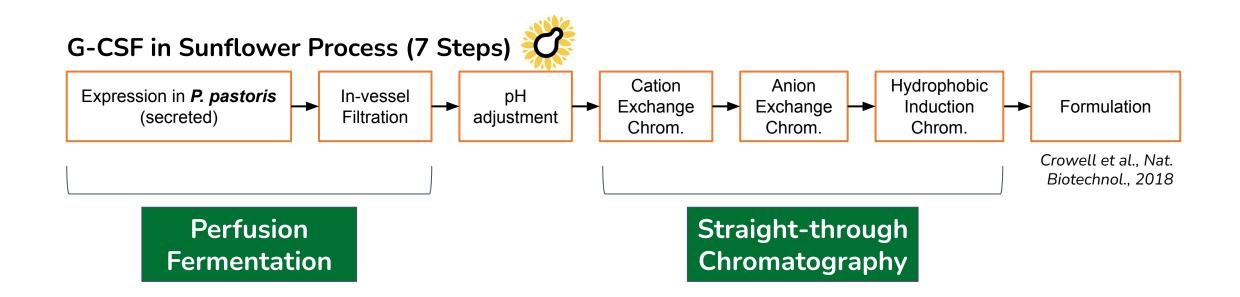
Space-Time Yield =

Mass of Protein per Bioreactor Volume per Cultivation Day

# Continuous manufacturing with *Pichia pastoris* enables significantly higher space-time yields



### Eukaryotic Microbes Enable Efficient Integrated Processes

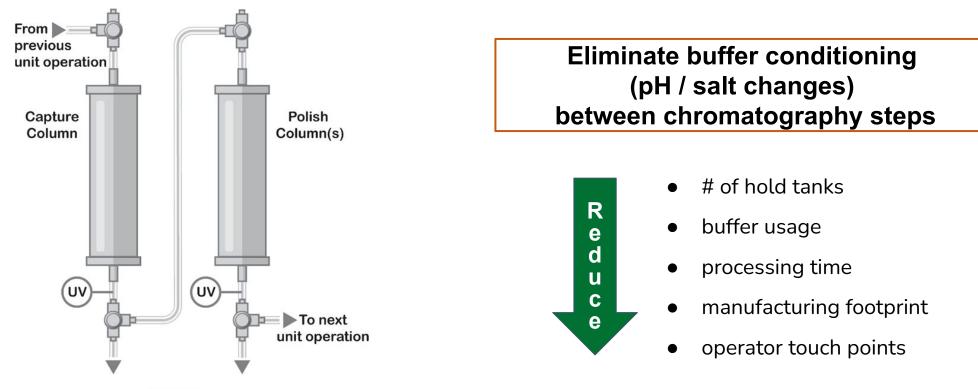


Perfusion fermentation and straight-through Chromatography lead to a 60% reduction in the number of manufacturing steps



# Integrated Chromatography Intensifies Manufacturing

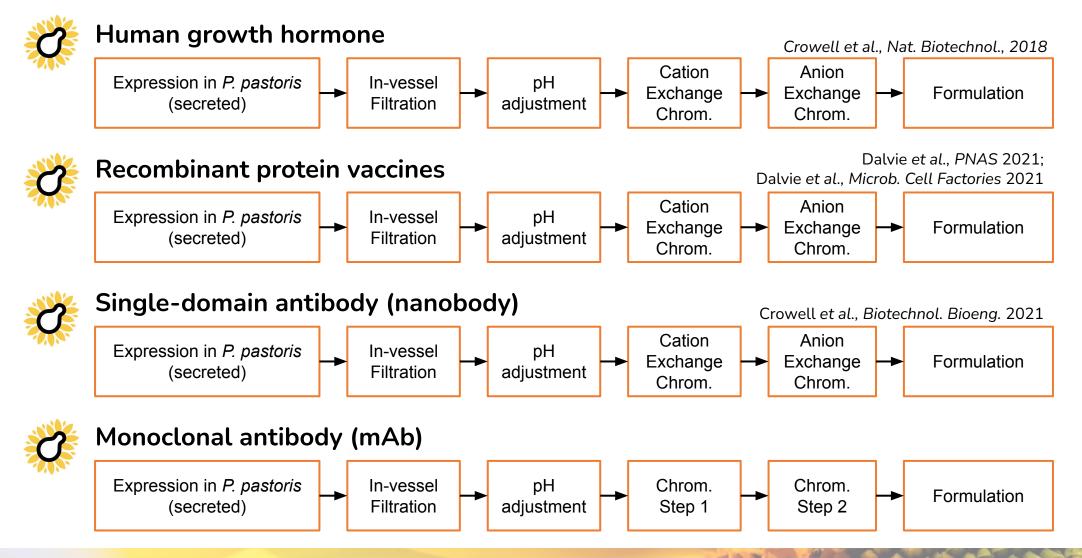
### Straight-through chromatography



**To Waste** 

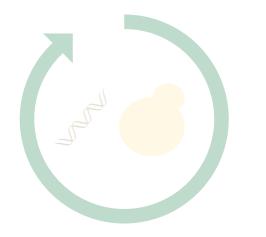


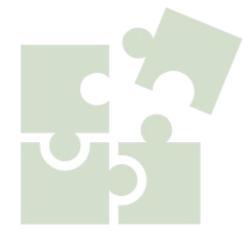
# Sunflower's Bioprocesses are Similar for Many Proteins

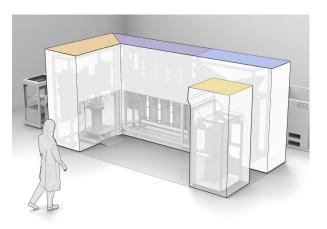




# Eukaryotic Microbes Enable Simplicity in Multiple Ways







RAPID DESIGN CYCLES

for parallel strain & sequence optimization

### PLATFORMABLE PROCESSES

using integrated and continuous techniques

### NEXT-GENERATION EQUIPMENT

flexible, scalable, and user-friendly



### Sunflower Continuous Manufacturing Systems: Automated Hardware to Enable Capacity Anywhere



### Daisy Petal<sup>™</sup>

R&D/Discovery

Continuous Fermentation (up to grams per week) *Commercially available now* 



### Dahlia Petal<sup>™</sup>

#### **Translational Development**

Continuous Fermentation (up to 100s of grams per week) Seeking early access customers



### Dahlia<sup>™</sup> System

#### **Efficient Commercial Production**

Protein Bulk Production (up to 10 kg annually in <50m<sup>2</sup>) *Early access launch in 2025* 

#### SUNFLOWER'S STANDARDIZED APPROACH FACILITATES PRODUCT TRANSITIONS



### Daisy Petal<sup>™</sup> Single–Use Bioreactor System: Perfusion fermentation for eukaryotic microbes



### **EFFICIENT PRODUCTION IN A SMALL FOOTPRINT**

- Bench-top sized but produces like larger reactors (up to grams protein in 1-2 weeks from 1L working vol.)
- Unique single-use structured consumable for intuitive installation by non-expert users and rapid flexibility
- Custom software enables fully automated operation
- Immediately deployable just add cells & process fluids

### EARLY ACCESS UNITS DELIVERED SUMMER 2022

### "The Daisy Petal is really simple to use. I knew exactly how to get started with the system and consumables."

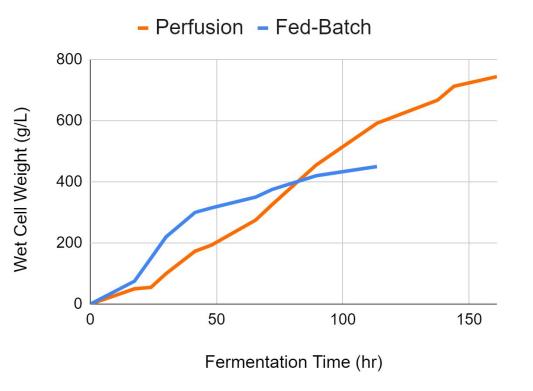
- Customer in Petal Early Access Program with no previous bioprocess experience



# Perfusion Fermentation Enables Ultra-High Cell Mass

### CONTINUOUS FERMENTATION SUPPORTS WET CELL WEIGHT OVER 700 g/L

- >700 g/L wet cell weight achieved
- Up to 2-fold higher cell masses realized compared to fed-batch\*
- Cell mass maintained for 40% longer than fed-batch
- Perfusion fermentation enabled by proprietary in-vessel cell retention device

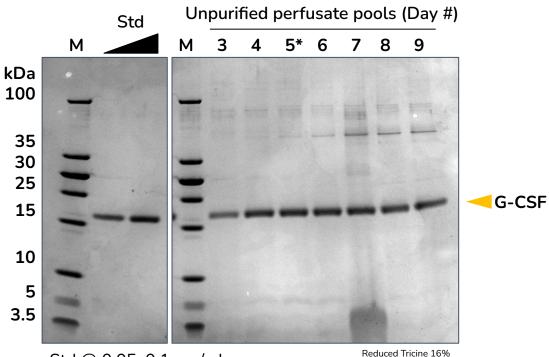




\*Typical fed-batch process according to Invitrogen Pichia Fermentation Process Guidelines



### Perfusion Fermentation Sustains Production of High-Quality Proteins (Cytokine Case Study)



Std @ 0.05, 0.1 mg/mL <sup>Reduce</sup> \*Fed-batch processes typically end here.

#### CONTINUOUS MICROBIAL PRODUCTION IS MORE EFFICIENT THAN BATCH

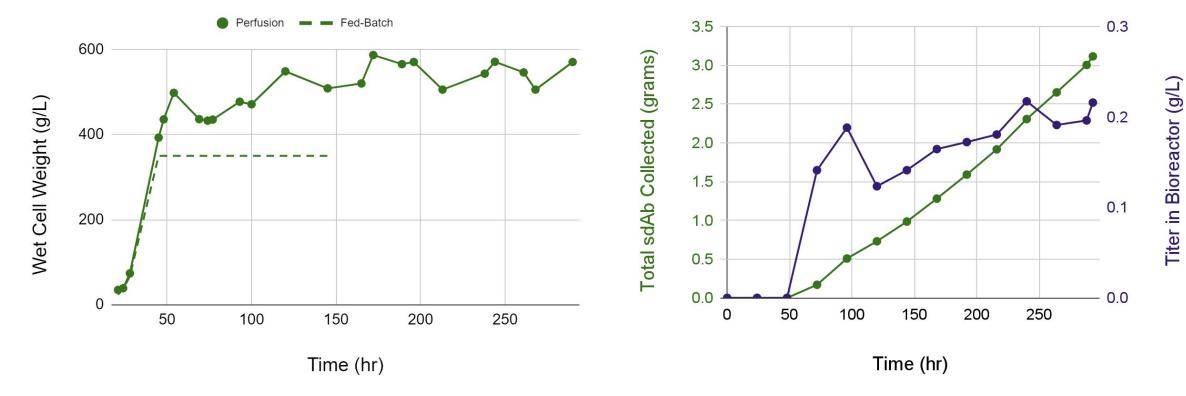
- >1.2 grams (4,200 dose equivalents) of unpurified G-CSF produced in 9 days in 1 L working volume reactor
- Space-Time Yield: >130 mg/L/day ≅ 650 mg/L Pichia fed-batch titer ≅ 1.8 g/L CHO fed-batch titer
- Process ran **4 days longer** than conventional batch cultivation
- Perfusion fermentation enabled by proprietary in-vessel cell retention device



### Perfusion Fermentation Sustains Production of High-Quality Proteins (Single-domain Antibody)

#### MAINTAIN HIGHER CELL MASS FOR LONGER COMPARED TO FED-BATCH

#### COLLECT GRAMS OF PROTEIN FROM A SINGLE EXPERIMENT

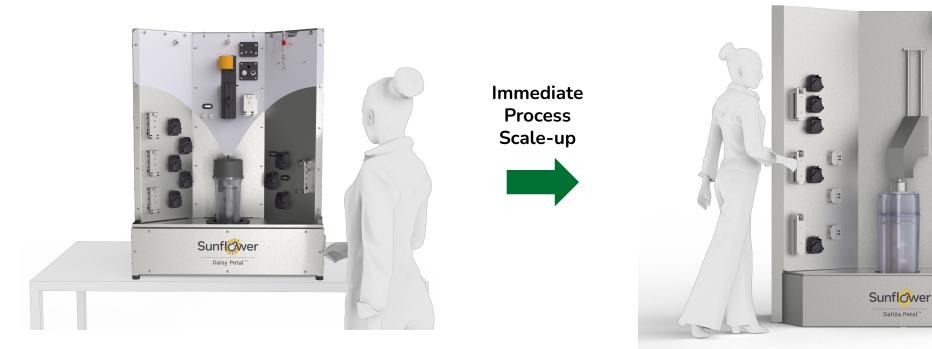




# Sunflower Systems are Designed to Scale Easily

### **Daisy Petal<sup>™</sup>**

### Dahlia Petal<sup>™</sup>



15 - 20L fluid output per 12-day campaign

200 – 300L fluid output per 12-day campaign



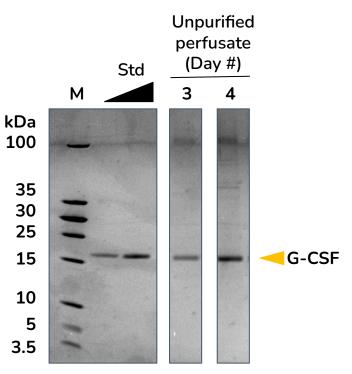
# Dahlia Petal<sup>TM</sup> is Equivalent to 200L Batch Bioreactor



**15L Working Volume** Can produce **100 grams protein per week** in <20 m<sup>2</sup>

#### SCALE-UP TO DAHLIA PETAL<sup>™</sup> RESULTS IN CONSISTENT SPACE-TIME YIELDS

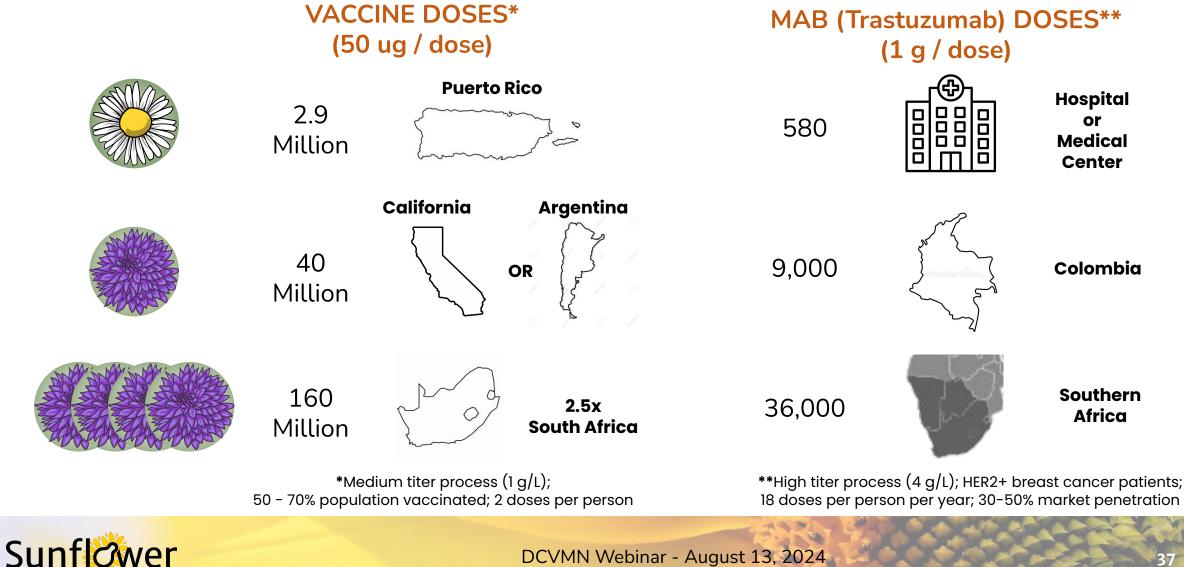
- G-CSF successfully produced during hardware testing
- >5 grams G-CSF produced in only 4 days
- Space-Time Yield: >70 mg/L/day\*
- \*Space-Time Yield from Daisy Petal<sup>™</sup> @ 4 days: 77 mg/L/day



Std @ 0.05, 0.1 mg/mL

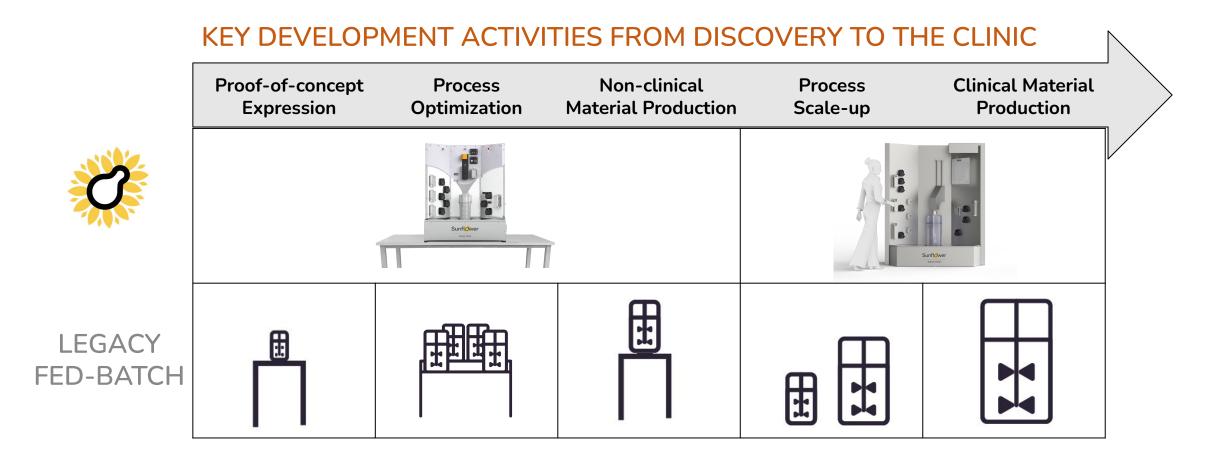


# **Projected Annual Product Output From Our Approach**



THERAPEUTICS

### Sunflower's Equipment Approach Efficiently Supports Product Translational Development Activities



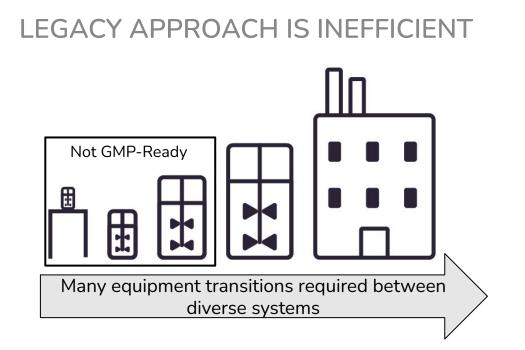


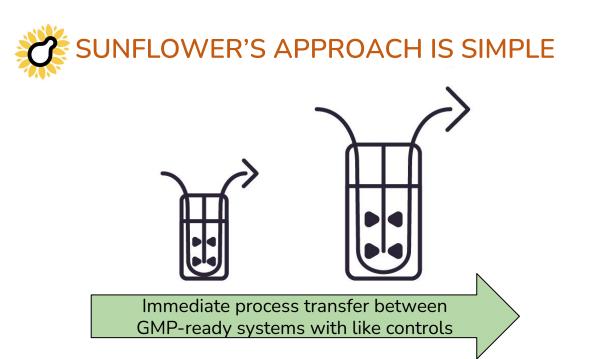
How many pieces of bioreactor equipment do you typically use between proof-of-concept expression and clinical material production?

A. 1-2
B. 3-4
C. 5-6
D. 7 or more

Sunflower THERAPEUTICS

# Sunflower's Approach is Efficient in Scaling to GMP-ready Operations & Clinical Volumes







# Dahlia™ System: Breakthrough automated small footprint commercial protein manufacturing

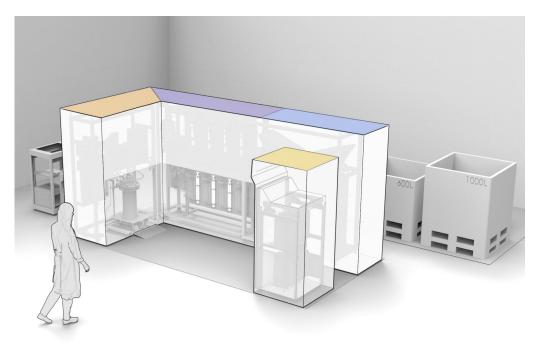
#### INTEGRATED SYSTEM FOR CONTINUOUS PRODUCTION OF PROTEIN BULK

**End-To-End:** Integrated operations for expression, purification, formulation and collection

**Multi-Product:** Functionally-closed single-use design for agility and flexibility

**Fully Automated:** Add cells, push start, & collect protein bulk for a product in just days

**"Move-In" Ready:** Operates in many different types of spaces and environments





# Dahlia™ Produces High-Quality Proteins Anywhere

#### DEMONSTRATION RUNS\* PRODUCED CLINICAL QUALITY BULK DRUG SUBSTANCES IN **SIMPLE MANUFACTURING ENVIRONMENTS**

2

Different Proteins Made & Formulated in a Uncontrolled Warehouse Environment

Protein bulk produced	Dose equivalents	Host-Cell DNA (ng DNA/mL)	Host-Cell Protein	<b>Bioburden</b> (CFU/plate)
G-CSF	»1,000	<10	<b>&lt;0.1%</b>	0
COVID-19 Vax Candidate	>50,000	<10	<0.1%	0
Clinical Benchmarks	N/A	< 10	<0.1%	0

Other quality attributes also similar to innovator products. Bioburden testing was performed by third-party contractor according to the Compendial method USP 61 microbiological examination of Non-Sterile Products (Microbial enumeration test).

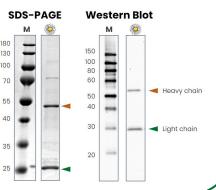
\*Demonstrations funded by US DoD and BMGF



# **Sunflower Systems Support Diverse Products**

#### ANTIBODIES & MAB-LIKE PRODUCTS

- Monoclonal antibodies
- Single-domain antibodies (sdAb) & multimers
- Fragment antigenbinding regions (Fabs)
- Fc-fusions

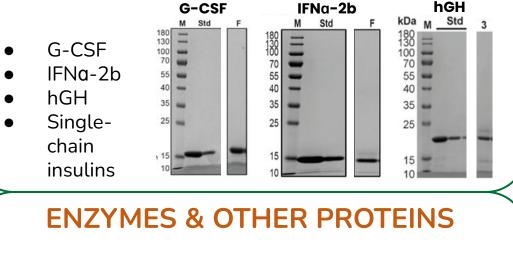


#### **VACCINE ANTIGENS**

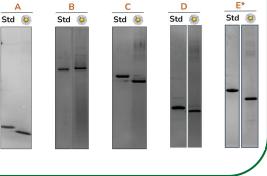
- COVID subunit vaccine candidates
- Rotavirus subunit vaccine candidates
- Virus-like particles (VLPs)
- Additional viral & bacterial antigens



### **CYTOKINES & HORMONES**



- DNA / RNA editing enzymes
- Bacterial toxins
- Membrane proteins
- Small binding proteins
- Peptides



Crowell et. al. Nat. Biotechnol. 2018; Dalvie et. al. Microb. Cell Fact. 2021; Dalvie et. al. PNAS 2021; Crowell et. al. Biotechnol. Bioeng. 2021



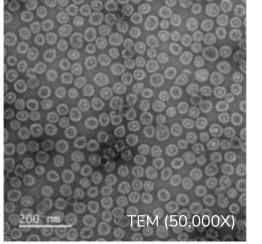
# **Case Study: Manufacturing VLPs in Pichia pastoris**



# Yeast-produced material forms VLPs and shows similar efficacy to insect cell material

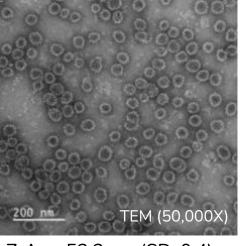
#### VLP Formation (assessed by TEM)

from Insect Cells



Z-Ave: 58.1 nm (SD: 0.5)





Z-Ave: 52.2 nm (SD: 0.4)

#### VLP Efficacy (assessed by ELISA on mouse serum)



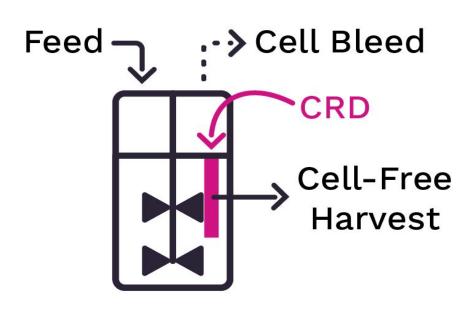
VLPs produced in yeast from unoptimized purification process shows similar quality and efficacy to material generated in optimized insect cell process.

\*Yeast material cultivated in shake flask and purified using minimally developed method; Insect cell material created using optimized process



# Utilizing Daisy Petal<sup>TM</sup> for perfusion fermentation

Sunflower's Daisy Petal<sup>™</sup> single-use bioreactor system was used to cultivate VLPs (intracellularly) by perfusion fermentation



\*Cell Retention Device

#### Benefits of perfusion fermentation for intracellular expression

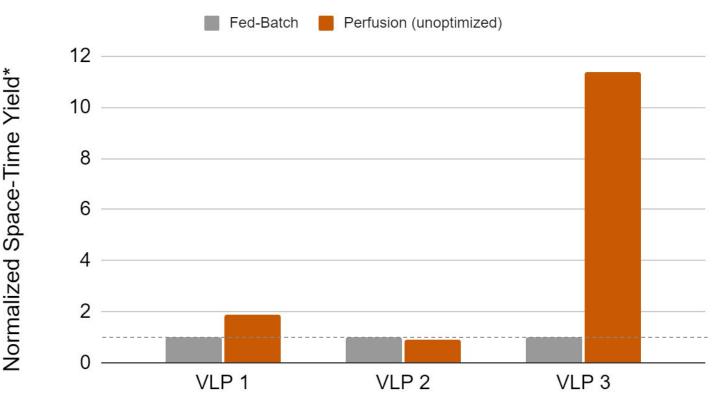
- Cells are harvested continuously through the cell bleed line and at the end of the cultivation
- Continuous feeding and continuous removal of waste products leads to
  - Higher, healthier biomass
  - Longer production campaigns



## **Comparison of Space-Time Yield in Fed-Batch vs Perfusion**

- Space-Time Yield = Total protein collected per cultivation volume per cultivation length
- Total protein collected measured by serotype-specific ELISA following cell lysis

Unoptimized perfusion fermentation shows similar or higher space-time yield compared to fed-batch fermentation Fed Batch vs. Perfusion



\*Normalized to Fed-Batch space-time yield



## Eukaryotic Microbes Offer Key Opportunities for Protein Development and Manufacturing



## Key Opportunity: Rapid Product Development with Yeast

#### Discovery (5-7 days)

Established Research Centers & Commercial Services



#### Translation (28-42 days)

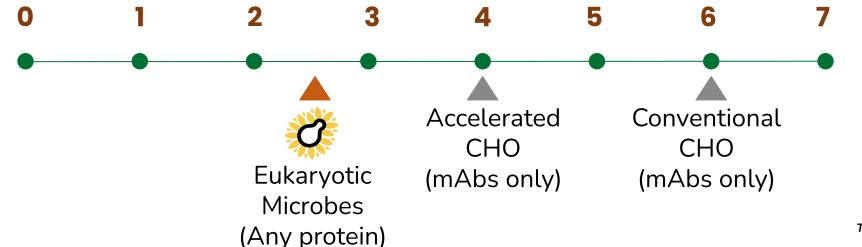
Strain Preparation, Process Development & Execution



#### Production (7-10 days)



Stand-Alone or Parallel Manufacturing for IND Drug Substance

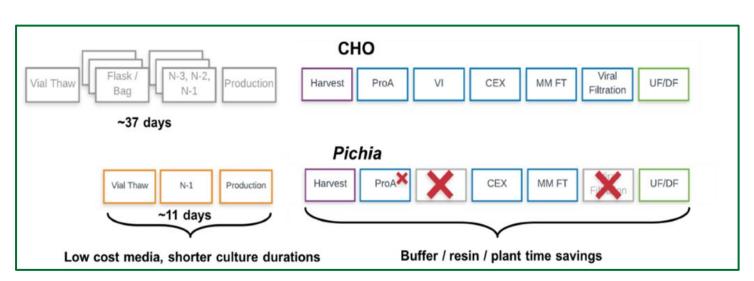


#### Months to IND-ready Drug Substance based on <u>platform</u> <u>processing</u>

Timelines based on Brady and Love, Nature Biotechnol. 2021; Kelley, Nature Biotechnol. 2020



# Key Opportunity: Cost Effective Manufacturing with Yeast



Yeast-based processing is faster and simpler

YEAST CHO Cost of materials per lot (\$) 160K UF/DF 140K iral Filtration / Inactivation Column 3 120K Column 2 100K ProA UF/DF 80K Column 3 Harvest 60K Column 2 40K Harvest Upstream 20K Upstream 0K Yeast use fewer &

cheaper raw materials

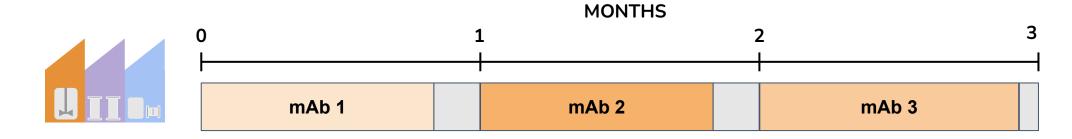
#### Yeast could achieve similar costs to CHO at ~50% titers

E. Coleman, MIT/Amgen; LGO Master's thesis 2020



# Key Opportunity: Improved Agility with Yeast

STATE-OF-THE-ART SINGLE-USE PILOT PLANT



SUNFLOWER (Many Product Classes)

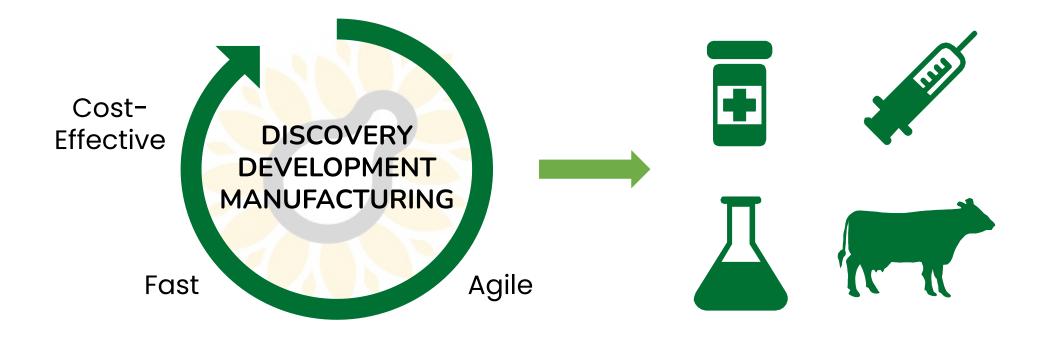


			MC	DNTHS			
0		1		2		3	
F			+				_
	Vaccine 1	mAb 1	Vaccine 2	Cytokine	Vaccine 3	Hormone	

#### Multi-product capability enables agility and improved facility utilization



## Sunflower's Approach Supports Product Translation



#### Iterative development enabled by Sunflower's technologies can reduce translational timelines and development costs



# Acknowledgements



#### **Sunflower Team**

Alexandra Bonnyman Kerry Love Jodie Crowley **Devin Morrison** Benjamin Fagin Andrew Mulholland **Tom Heer** Martin Rochefort Adrian Foell Michael Sheets Kevin Fuentes Akshada Shinde Jessie Lee **Emily Strong** Sophie Lee Mary Kate Tracey Tim Lorgeree Nikhil Unde





## SCAN ME

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THERAPEUTICS

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