

COVID-19 Vaccine: Clinical Trials and Tribulations

Dr. Raches Ella
Project Lead SARS-CoV-2 Vaccines

Types of Vaccines

Whole Inactivated

Conventional and Safe Vaccine

Used in Pregnancy

In use for Decades

Vaccines

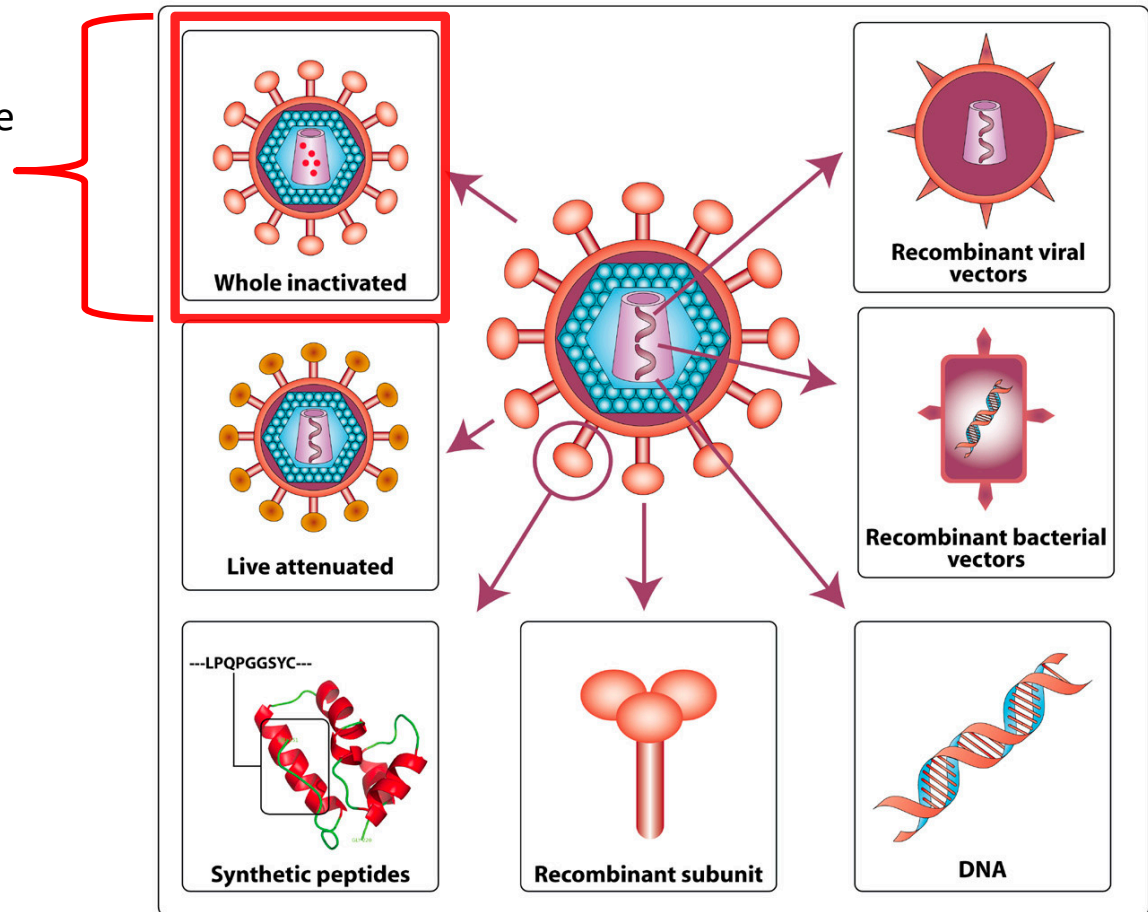
Polio

Pertussis

S. Flu

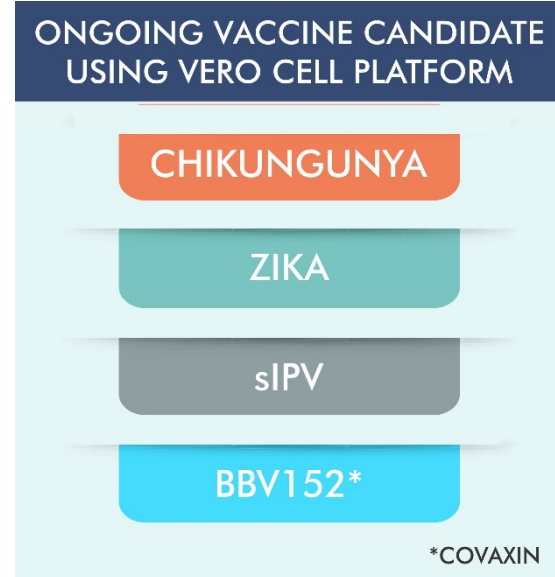
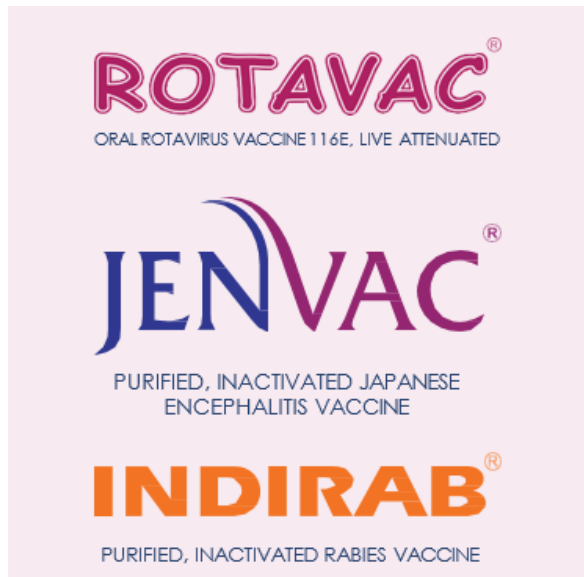
Rabies

Japanese Encephalitis



VERO CELL MANUFACTURING PLATFORM

Developed several inactivated Vero cell derived vaccines which are proven, time-tested and long-lasting. A few include:



BBV 152 : BSL3 PRODUCTION FACILITY

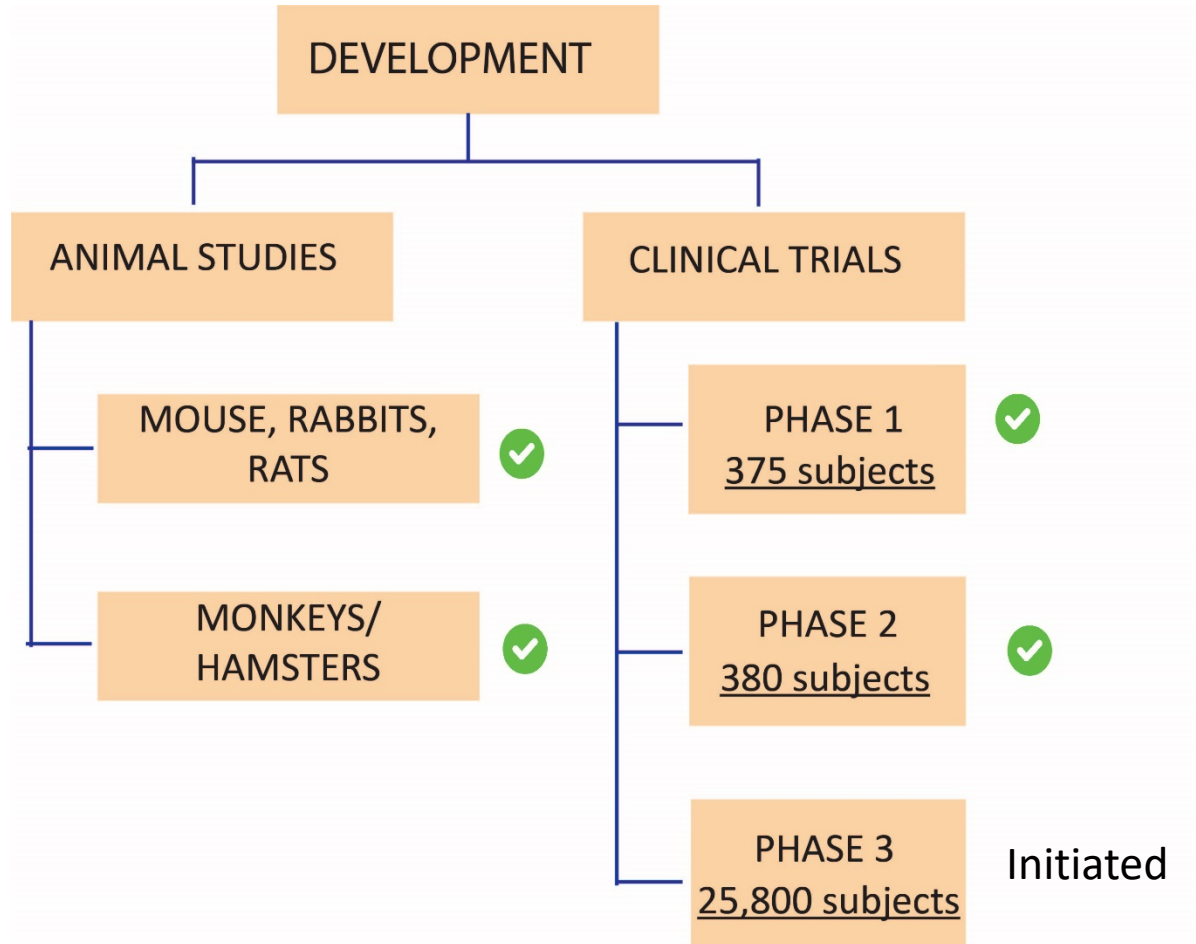
Designed and constructed
during 2017 – 2019

Facility audited by ICMR
technical team 2019

Designed for large scale
manufacturing and testing



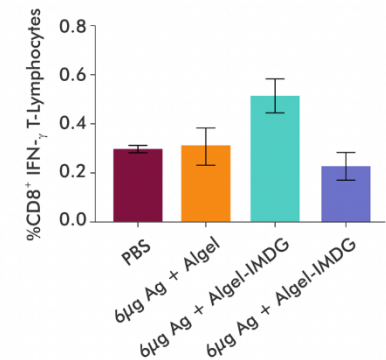
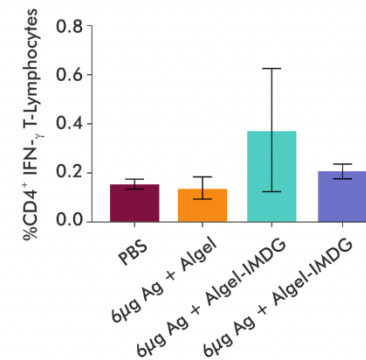
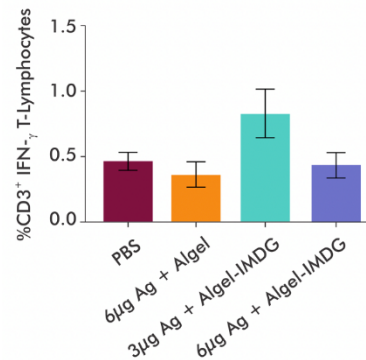
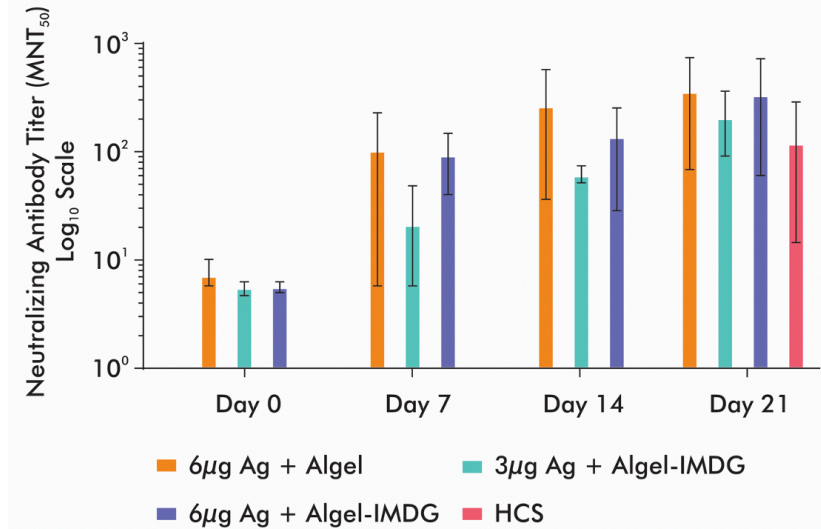
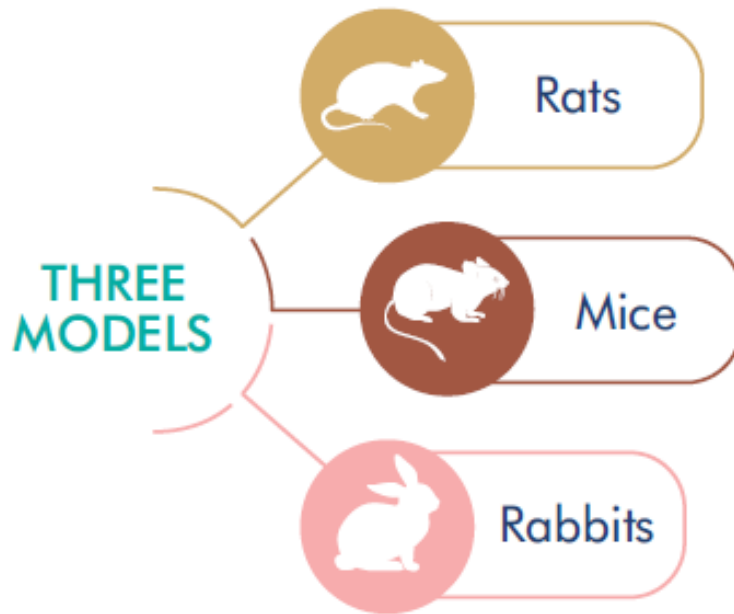
COVAXIN™ PROGRESS





BBV152 PRECLINICAL PROFILE

STUDY DESIGN



NON-HUMAN PRIMATES & HAMSTER STUDIES

Preclinical Evaluation of Live Viral Challenge Studies



NATIONAL INSTITUTE
OF VIROLOGY

TWO BBV152 PAPERS (UNDERGOING PEER-REVIEW)

ARTICLE General Microbiology Vaccine Development

Remarkable immunogenicity and protective efficacy of BBV152, an inactivated SARS-CoV-2 vaccine in rhesus macaques

> Pragma Yadav, Raches Ella, Sanjay Kumar, Dilip Patil, Sreelekshmy Mohandas, Anita Shete, Gaurav Bhati, Gajanan Sapkal, Himanshu Kaushal, Savita Patil, Rajlaxmi Jain, Gururaj Rao Deshpande, Nivedita Gupta, Kshitij Agarwal, Mangesh Gokhale, Basavaraj Mathapati, Siddhanath Metkari, Chandrashekhar Mote, Dimpal Nyayanit, Deepak Patil, Sai Prasad B S, Annasaheb Suryawanshi, Manoj Kadam, Abhimanyu Kumar, Sachin Daigude, Sanjay Gopale, Triparna Majumdar, Deepak Mali, Prasad Sarkale, Shreekant Baradkar, Pranita Gawande, Yash Joshi, Sidharam Fulari, Hitesh Dighe, Sharda Sharma, Rashmi Gunjkar, Abhinendra Kumar, Kaumudi Kalele, V K Srinivas, Krishna Mohan, Raman Gangakhedkar, Krishna Ella, Priya Abraham, Samiran Panda, Balram Bhargava

DOI: 10.21203/rs.3.rs-65715/v1  Download PDF

natureresearch



RESEARCH ARTICLE Vaccine Development

Immunogenicity and protective efficacy of BBV152: a whole virion inactivated SARS CoV-2 vaccine in the Syrian hamster model

> Sreelekshmy Mohandas, Pragma D Yadav, Anita Shete, Priya Abraham, Krishna Mohan, Gajanan Sapkal, Chandrashekhar Mote, Dimpal Nyayanit, Nivedita Gupta, V K Srinivas, Manoj Kadam, Abhimanyu Kumar, Rajlaxmi Jain, Triparna Majumdar, Gururaj Deshpande, Savita Patil, Prasad Sarkale, Deepak Patil, Raches Ella, Sai D Prasad, Sharda Sharma, Krishna M Ella, Samiran Panda, Balram Bhargava

DOI: 10.21203/rs.3.rs-76768/v1  Download PDF

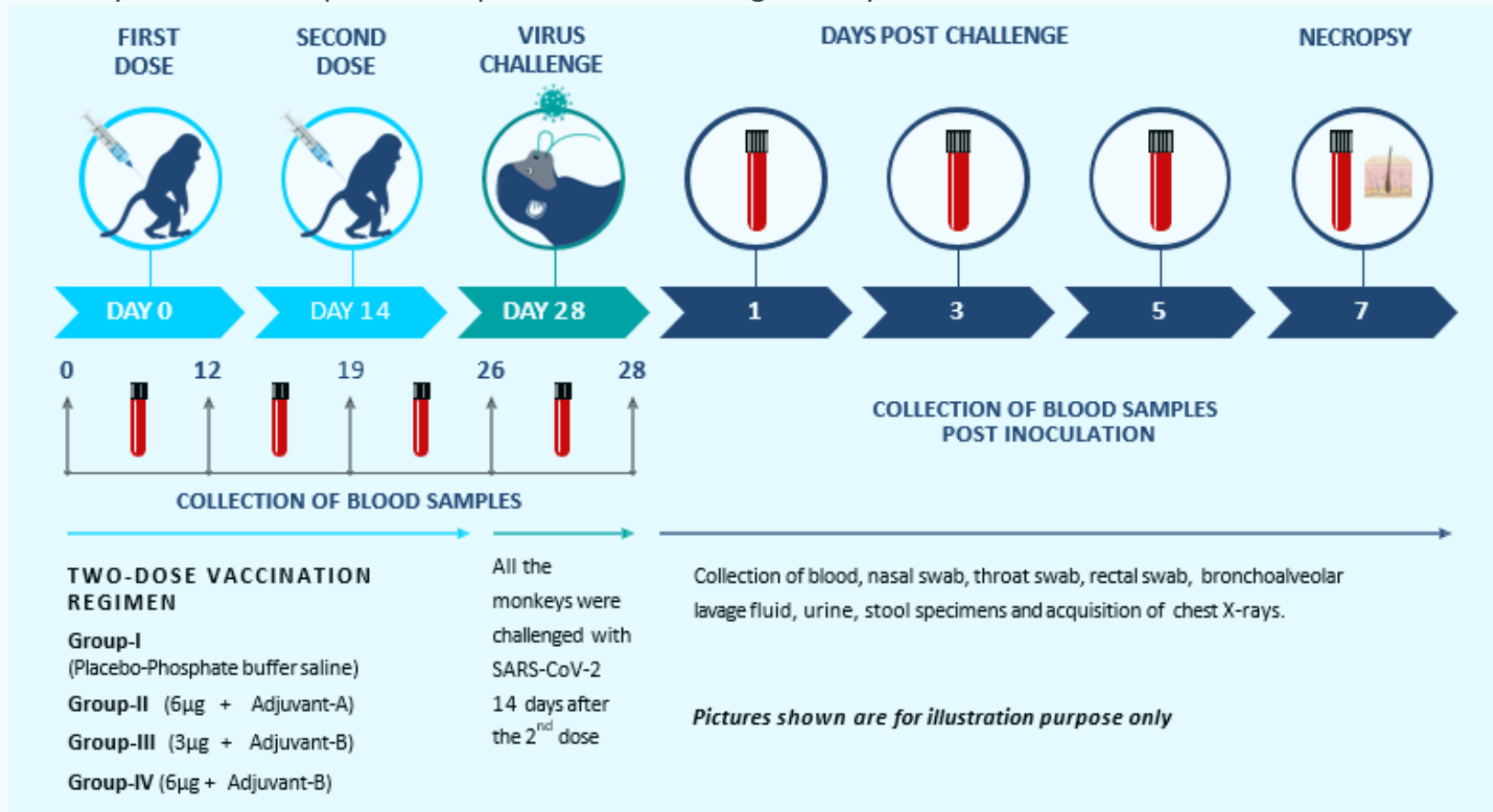


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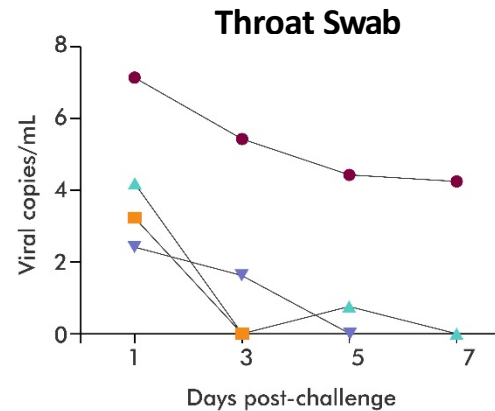
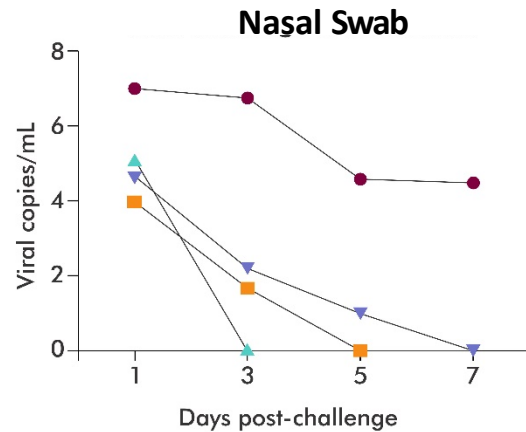
1. NON-HUMAN PRIMATE – STUDY DESIGN

- ❑ A 2-dose vaccination regimen of inactivated SARS-CoV-2 vaccine candidates was administered in 20 rhesus macaques (divided into four groups equally).
- ❑ One group was administered with placebo while three groups were immunized with 3 different vaccine candidates at 0 and 14 days. All the macaques were exposed to viral challenge 14 days after the 2nd dose.

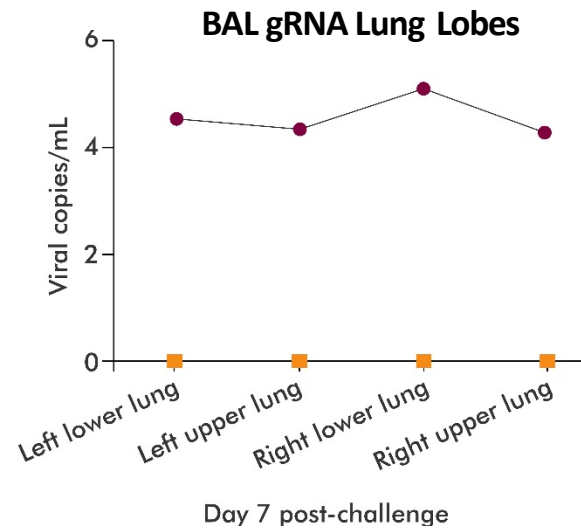
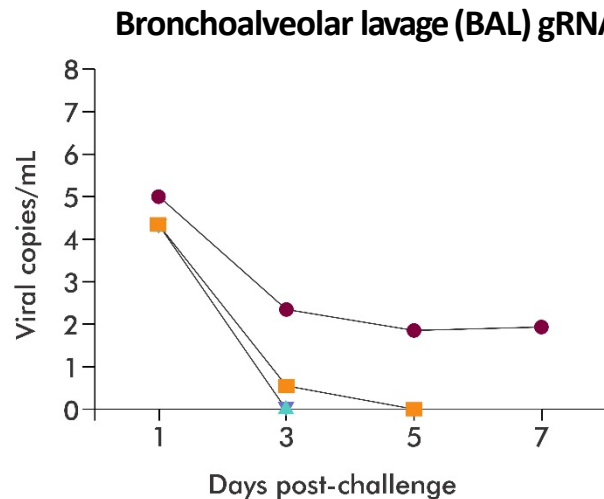


LOAD OF COVID-19 SUBGENOMIC VIRAL RNA DETECTION IN RESPIRATORY TRACT SPECIMENS

Upper airway protection

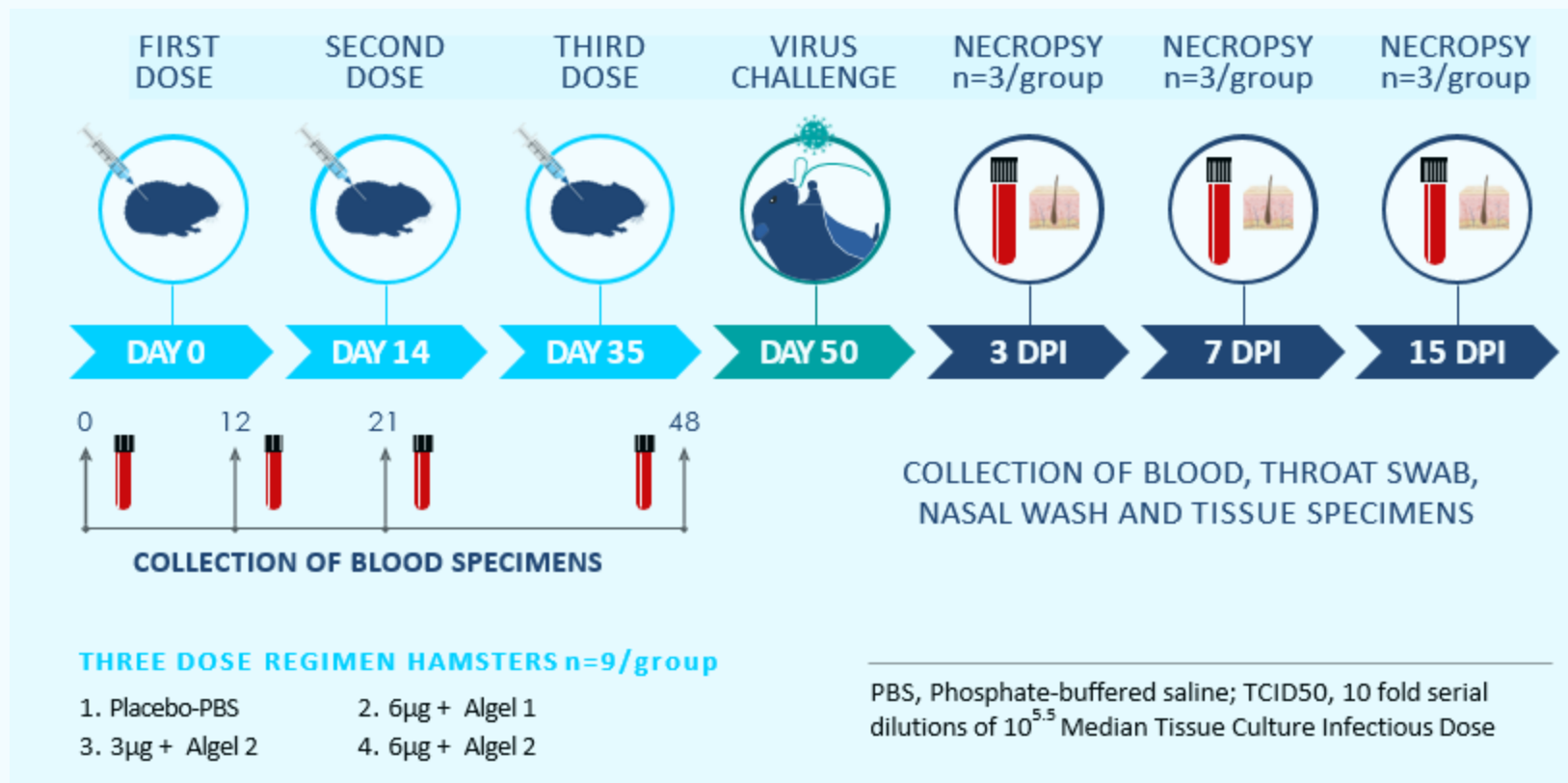


Lower airway protection



2. HAMSTER CHALLENGE - STUDY DESIGN

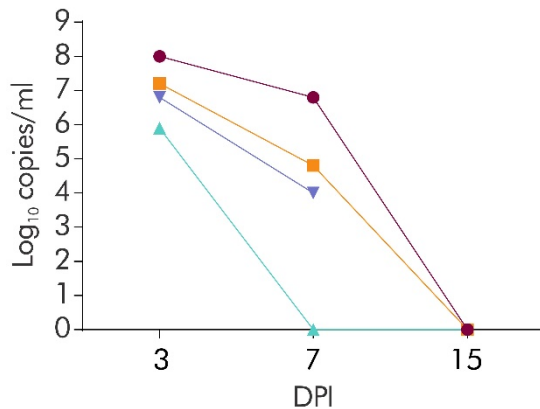
- Thirty-six female Syrian hamsters were divided into four groups of 9 hamsters each. Each group were immunized with 0.1 ml of PBS/vaccine formulations intramuscularly on 0, 14, and 35 days.
- The immunized hamsters were challenged with 0.1 ml of 105.5 TCID₅₀ SARS-CoV-2 virus intranasally on the 8th-week post-immunization (day 50).



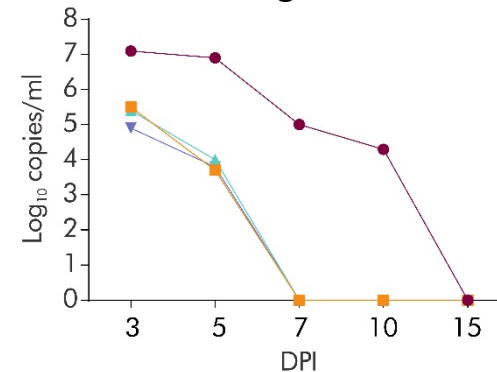
LOAD OF COVID-19 SUBGENOMIC VIRAL RNA DETECTION IN RESPIRATORY TRACT SPECIMENS

Upper airway protection

Nasal Wash gRNA

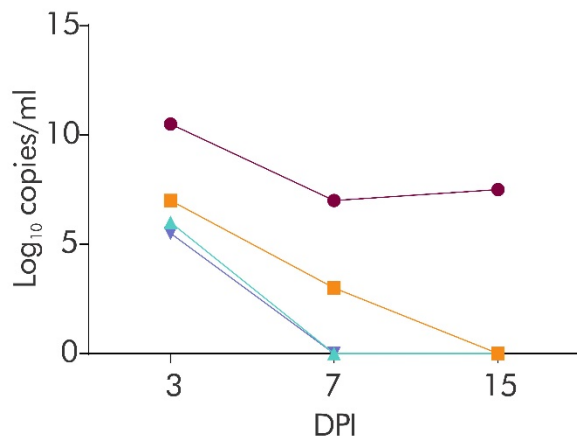


Throat Swab gRNA

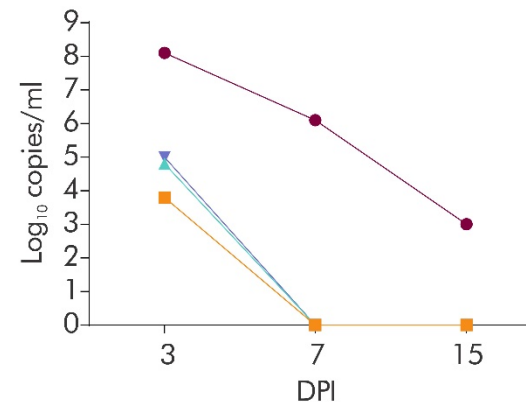


Lower airway protection

Lungs gRNA



Trachea gRNA



STATUS UPDATE & MILESTONES



PHASE I

IM study:

- ❑ Administered at 14 day interval
- ❑ 375 subjects.

ID study:

- ❑ Administered in 24 subjects.

Status: Completed



PHASE II

IM study:

- ❑ Administered at a 28-day interval.
- ❑ Includes 380 subjects.
- ❑ Dose-1 has been administered.

ID study:

- ❑ Administered in 100 subjects.

Status: Initiated



PHASE III

- ❑ Scheduled to commence in October all over India around 25 centers
- ❑ Trial includes >25,000 subjects
- ❑ IM study with 2-dose vaccine regimen administered at a 28-day interval.

Status: To initiate

WHOLE-VIRION INACTIVATED SARS-CoV-2 VACCINE (BBV152) IN HEALTHY VOLUNTEERS - A PHASE 1 STUDY

Phase 1 trial overview (NCT04471519)				
Protocol Title	Phase 1, double blind, multi-centre study of safety, reactogenicity, tolerability, and immunogenicity in 375 healthy volunteers.			
Study Groups	Cohorts/ Vaccine Candidates	Age groups	Dosage (D0, D14)	Enrollment status
	BBV152A	≥18 to ≤55 years	0.5 mL of Whole Virion Inactivated SARS-CoV-2 Vaccine	(Fully enrolled) 100
	BBV152B			(Fully enrolled) 100
	BBV152C			(Fully enrolled) 100
	Placebo		0.5 mL placebo	(Fully enrolled) 75
Population	Participants of either gender of age between ≥18 to ≤55 years.			
Study Endpoints	Safety (Mild AEs were noted within 2 hours after Dose 1. No immediate AEs were reported after Dose 2). Immunogenicity (e.g., neutralizing antibody titers are suggestive of protection)			
Study Duration	12-month follow up study after the last vaccine administration.			

PHASE 1 & 2: GEOGRAPHIC SPREAD



List of Hospitals Across India

All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Delhi

Rana Hospital and Trauma Center, Gorakhpur

All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Patna

Pandit Bhagwat Dayal Sharma Post Graduate Institute of Medical Sciences, Rohtak

Prakhar Hospital, Kanpur

Gillukar Multispeciality Hospital, Nagpur

Redkhar Hospital, Dhargalim VP

Jeevan Rekha Hospital, Belgaum

Institute of Medical Sciences and SUM Hospital, Bhubaneshwar

Nizam Institute of Medical Sciences Hospital, Hyderabad

SRM Hospital & Research Center, Chennai

A PHASE 2 STUDY SHOWING WHOLE-VIRION INACTIVATED SARS-CoV-2 VACCINE (BBV152) IN HEALTHY VOLUNTEERS

Phase 2 trial overview (NCT04471519)				
Protocol Title	Phase 2, double blind, multi-centre study of safety, reactogenicity, tolerability, and immunogenicity in 380 healthy volunteers.			
Study Groups	Cohorts/ Vaccine Candidates	Age groups	Dosage (D0, D28)	Enrollment status
	BBV152A	≥12 to ≤65 years	0.5 mL	(Fully enrolled) 190
	BBV152B		0.5 mL	(Fully enrolled) 190
Population	Participants of either gender of age between ≥12 to ≤65 years.			
Study Endpoints	No immediate AEs occurred within 2 hrs after vaccination; there were no SAEs reported. Immunogenicity (e.g., neutralizing antibody titers are suggestive of protection)			
Study Duration	6-month study after the last vaccine administration.			

Phase 3 Efficacy Trial (n=26,000)

mint

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The human trials of Covaxin has begun at the All India Institute of Medical Sciences

Covaxin update: Bharat Biotech gets nod from DCGI panel for Phase III trials

The image features a light blue background with two large, stylized geometric shapes on the left. The first shape is a dark teal chevron pointing right. The second shape is a bright cyan chevron pointing left, positioned to the right of the first. The text "THANK YOU" is centered in the space between these two chevrons.

THANK YOU