

VIPS: Next steps post prioritisation

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Objective of this presentation



Following the Webinar presentation in July 2020 on the prioritisation process and final outcomes:

BILL & MELINDA

GATES foundation

 Provide clarity on the next steps for VIPS and communicate the key assumptions related to the longer-term vision for use of these innovations.



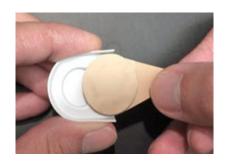






3 innovations have been prioritised by VIPS, which could also facilitate RI catch up/ recovery from Covid-19





Microarray patches (MAPs)

Potential to address most immunisation barriers identified by countries and applicable to several use cases

Broad applicability across life course and outbreak response



Heat stable formulations, including CTC

Thermostability identified as the top priority by countries

Synergies with other innovations, i.e. MAPs, VVM-Tis, dual chamber delivery devices, SDIs

SDI: solid dose implant; VVM-Ti: Combined Vaccine Vial Monitor and Threshold Indicator



Barcodes on primary packaging

Greater accuracy in tracking at lower levels of distribution

Accelerate transition to electronic record keeping









These priority innovations could also be highly relevant for COVID-19 vaccines





Microarray patches (MAPs)

- Potential for easier and safer administration
- Potential for thermostability
- May enable dose sparing
- Reduced wastage
- Potentially increased acceptability



Heat stable formulations, including CTC

- Potential to improve coverage and equity by easing logistics for outreach (CTC)
- Reduce vaccine damage and wastage due to heat/freeze exposure
- Further reduce CTC training/ logistics needs with the VVM-TI



Barcodes on primary packaging

- Track and trace to reduce stockouts and wastage
- Monitor coverage and AEFIs through more accurate patient recordkeeping









...however, they may not be available for first generation vaccines





Microarray patches (MAPs)

- Preclinical studies with various COVID-19 vaccines
- Not currently produced at commercial scale
- No licensed MAP vaccines
- Lack of familiarity with MAPs at programme level



Heat stable formulations, including CTC

- Few of the vaccine candidates are currently thermostable above 2-8°C
- Current priorities for Covid-19 vaccines are safety, efficacy and dose regimen
- Heat stable formulations likely to be for next generation vaccines



Barcodes on primary packaging

- No global mandatory policy in place
- Several initiatives underway to implement the use of barcodes on 2° and 1° packaging
- Opportunity to leverage momentum for policy generation and to build country capacity









So what next? The innovation conundrum



Unclear demand (willingness to pay)

Lack of commercial incentive

> **STAGNANT** development or uptake

No data on programme impact

Lack of understanding of country needs

Unclear priorities; **Unsuitable products**











VIPS vision and mission





The VIPS Alliance aims to create the environment needed to position vaccine product innovations to be fundamental transformation drivers of the coverage and equity agenda, in LMICs.



To achieve this, the VIPS Alliance initiative will:

- 1. Create alignment on priority vaccine product innovations that have the potential to overcome country immunisation barriers and transform immunisation delivery and practices;
- 2. Seek to accelerate their development and uptake.









VIPS is now creating 5-year action plans to advance the prioritised innovations



Assessment and landscaping:

- Key challenges, bottlenecks and needs related to product innovations' development and uptake
- Existing initiatives
- Gaps

Defining end-to-end strategies to accelerate development and uptake:

- Priority activities for the next 5 years per innovation and cross-cutting
- Roles and responsibilities
- Funding
- Timelines

- Interviews with manufacturers, developers and implementation partners
- Joint VIPS Alliance action plan

VIPS partners are best placed to undertake these activities and will assess what each organisation can deliver and potentially engage beyond VIPS partners to ensure appropriate resources.











The VIPS Theory of Change: Addressing the innovation conundrum through a holistic and integrated approach

- Use cases & demand sizing
- Economic evaluation, impact modelling & TSE²
- Value propositions
- Regional / country engagement
- Engagement with policy-makers

Unclear demand (willingness to pay)

No data on programme impact

Implementation research

¹ Wholly or partially already addressed by VIPS

² Total Systems Effectiveness



Lack of commercial incentive

 Procurement mechanism & pot. incentives

Funding

 Regulatory support and engagement with regulators

Lack of understanding of country needs

POSITION

for dev't

or uptake

· Landscaping of country needs1

Unclear priorities; **Unsuitable products**

Prioritisation¹

TPPs











Key principles and assumptions behind VIPS



- Novel vaccine product innovations and approaches are needed to support the Alliance's coverage and equity goals.
- These innovations will have higher commodity costs than current presentations. The beneficial trade-offs in terms of increased vaccine reach and delivery savings will need to be quantified.
- To support the uptake of these innovations, the policy, procurement and delivery environment will need to evolve to support:
 - Differentiated presentations within e.g. a single country or region
 - Procurement of products with a price premium
 - Country selection and implementation of differentiated products.
- Co-ordinated and end-to end strategies will be needed to advance those innovations and support country uptake.
- Innovations without a potential dual market in HICs may require strong incentives.











Let us know if you have comments or questions!







