Thermostability of Vaccines





Why are all vaccines sensitive to heat and some to freezing?

Why is thermostability of vaccine important?

What can be done to improve the thermostability of vaccines?

Goals of stability studies in product development

- Establish product stability characteristics:
 - Understand factors that influence stability → strategies to minimize product decay during storage
 - Generate real time and real condition stability data → support
 proposed shelf life for licensure
 - Establish forced degradation characteristics → support post-licensure manufacturing changes
 - Generate data at temperatures relevant to CTC

From: WHO Informal Consultation on Scientific and Regulatory Considerations on Stability of Vaccines under a Controlled Temperature Chain

Dean Smith &Tong Wu, Ph.D., Health Canada 4 June 2013, PEI, Langen, Germany



General considerations for stability studies

- Adequate testing points

 rates of product decay may differ at different intervals over the shelf-life
- Potency assessment using a battery of tests → note that all tests have limitations
- Data analysis:
 - Note trends, not just compliance with specifications
 - Determine the rate of product decay using appropriate statistical methods: explore alternate approaches

From: WHO Informal Consultation on Scientific and Regulatory Considerations on Stability of Vaccines under a Controlled Temperature Chain

Dean Smith &Tong Wu, Ph.D., Health Canada 4 June 2013, PEI, Langen, Germany



Stability-indicating parameters

- Potency: most critical for vaccines
- Safety
 - —Residual toxin / reversibility of toxoid
 - —Toxicity of degradation products
- Additional parameters
 - -Moisture content for lyophilized vaccines:
 - -рН
 - -Adsorption to alum or other adjuvant characteristics

From: WHO Informal Consultation on Scientific and Regulatory Considerations on Stability of Vaccines under a Controlled Temperature Chain

Dean Smith &Tong Wu, Ph.D., Health Canada 4 June 2013, PEI, Langen, Germany



Vaccine Antigens: Complex Macromolecular Structures

Review: Kumru O et al, Biologicals 42: 237 (2014)

<u>Live, Attenuated Virus</u>:

Measles, Mumps, Rubella, Varicella, Yellow Fever,

Vaccinia, Rotavirus, Polio, Adenovirus

<u>Inactivated Virus</u>: Hepatitis A, Polio, Influenza

Recombinant Virus-like Particles:

Human Papillomavirus, Hepatitis B

<u>Live, Attenuated Bacteria</u>:

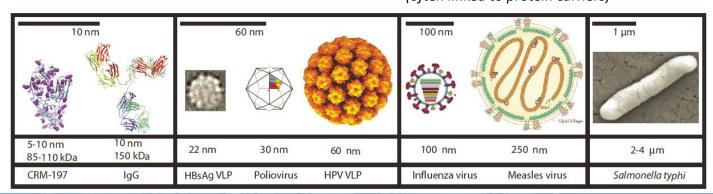
BCG (tuberculosis), Typhoid Fever

Inactivated Bacteria: Anthrax, wPertussis

Bacterial (proteins): aPertussis, Diphtheria, Tetanus

Bacterial (polysaccharides):

Haemophilus B, Pneumonia, Meningitis (often linked to protein carriers)





Examples of Commercial Vaccine Dosage Forms

Review: Kumru O et al, Biologicals 42: 237 (2014)

	<u>Adjuvant</u>	<u>Formulation</u>	<u>Delivery</u>
Recombinant or Inactived			
<u>Viral Vaccines</u>			
HPV, Hepatitis B	Aluminum	Liquid	Injection
Hepatitis A, Polio, Influenza	(some with new adjuvants)		
Inactived, Purified or Conjugated			
Bacterial Vaccines			
wPertussis, Anthrax			
aPertussis, Diphtheria, Tetanus, Anthrax	Aluminum	Liquid	Injection
Haemophilus B, Pneumonia, Meningitis (many linked to protein carriers)			
(many linked to protein curriers)			
Live, Attenuated Viral Vaccines			
Measles, Mumps, Rubella, Varicella, Yellow Fever, Vaccinia	None	Lyophilized	Injection
Rotavirus, Polio,		Liquid	Oral
Influenza		Liquid	Nasal
Adenovirus		Lyo/Tablet	Oral
Live, Attenuated Bacterial Vaccines			
BCG (tuberculosis), Typhoid Fever	None	Lyophilized	Injection,
Oral			



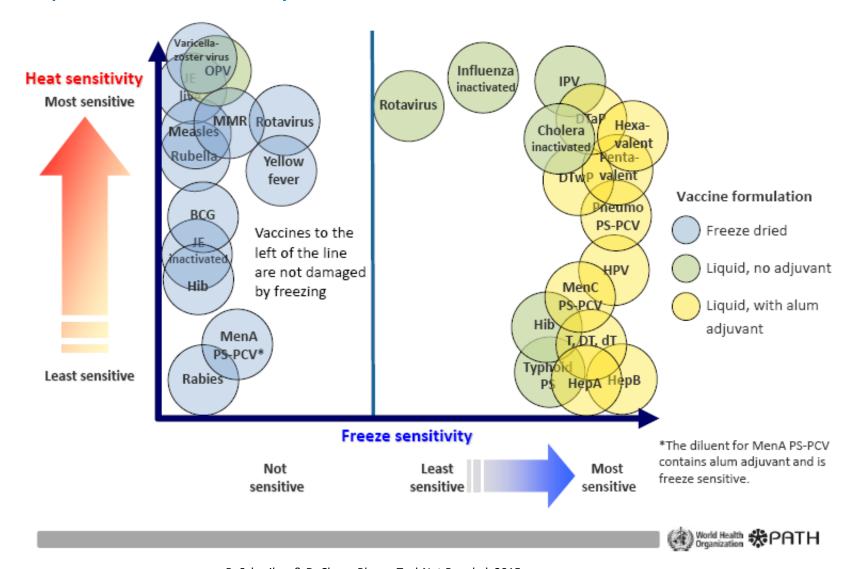
Vaccine Distribution World-Wide: Stability Issues in the "Vaccine Cold Chain"

Review: Kumru O et al, Biologicals 42: 237 (2014)

	Freeze Sensitive?	Heat Sensitive?
Live Viral Vaccines	-/+	+++
Live Bacterial Vaccines	-/+	+++
Recombinant or Inactive Viral Vaccines	+++	-/+
Inactived, Purified or Conjugate Bacterial Vaccines	+++	-/+



Temperature sensitivity of vaccines





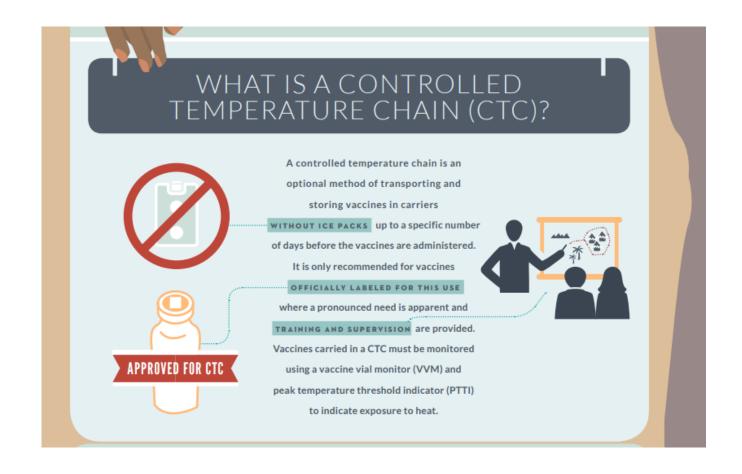








Controlled Temperature Chain: No Ice packs for days



Challenge for vaccine stability, safety and efficacy



Overview of Novel Approaches to Stabilize Vaccines

Formulation Composition

- New additives
- New approaches to identify combinations of additives

Formulation Processing Technologies

Novel drying or delivery technologies

Novel Antigens with Improved Stability

- Molecular design of current antigens
- New macromolecules: e.g., DNA/RNA vaccines



Analysis of Some Interesting Approaches Formulation Composition

Past Examples

Formulation and Rationale

 Trehalose in the 1980s 	Lyophilized for heat stability
--	--------------------------------

- Deuterium Oxide in the 1990s
 Liquid for heat stability
- Polyethylene glycol in the 2000s
 Liquid for freeze stability of alum vaccines

Examples from Today

•	Silk protein	Vaxess	http://www.vaxess.com

- Buffer mixtures
 Arecor
 http://www.arecor.com
- Sucrose and raffinose Stabilitech
 http://www.stabilitech.co.uk
- Lipid mixtures
 VBI Vaccines
 http://www.vbivaccines.com

Overall, novel additives have had a limited impact to date...

Slide Courtesy of Prof. David Volkin, Univ of Kansas



Novel approaches to identify stabilizers

Increasing number of research papers on the use of high throughput screening technologies:

- Empirically identify unique combinations of common excipients
- Empirically focus on specific vaccine and specific stress
- Most likely will become useful tool in future, but more from point of view of resources, time, and potentially patents



Novel drying and delivery technologies

General Examples

Formulation and Rationale

Freeze-drying
 Lyophilized formulations of aluminum vaccines

Spray-drying
 Lyophilized for heat stability

Foam-drying
 Lyophilized for heat stability

Microneedles
 Novel delivery technology

Specific Examples:

PATH http://sites.path.org/vpfst/product-stability/heat-stability

Sologenix http://www.soligenix.com

Aridis http://www.aridispharma.com

Aktiv-dry http://www.aktiv-dry.com

Nova Labs http://www.novalabs.co.uk



Novel Antigens with Improved Stability

- Molecular design to improve stability of antigens
 - Many research papers and programs to improve antigen stability at molecular level
 - Long term research programs...
- New classes of macromolecular antigens with potential of improved stability
 - e.g., commercial polysaccharide and protein VLP vaccines are more stable than viral vaccines
 - e.g., peptide and nucleic vaccine candidates. RNA as vaccine

candidates include:

Curevac http://www.curevac.com

Moderna http://modernatx.com/

• Novartis Vaccines (now GSK...)



Highly Stable Rotavirus Vaccine – 540 days at 37°C

ARTICLE IN PRESS

Vaccine xxx (2017) xxx-xxx



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Vaccine

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/vaccine



Stability of heat stable, live attenuated Rotavirus vaccine (ROTASIIL®)

Sameer P. Naik, Jagdish K. Zade*, Rajendra N. Sabale, Sambhaji S. Pisal, Ravi Menon, Subhash G. Bankar, Sunil Gairola, Rajeev M. Dhere

Serum Institute of India PVT LTD, 212/2, Hadapsar, Pune 411028, India

organism introduced during the reconstitution process could multiply.



The thermo-stability of ROTASIIL®, ironically, has thrown up a new challenge in terms of vaccine vial monitors (VVM). The presently available VVM portfolio (Max VVM30: 30 days at 37 °C) does not begin to cover the extreme thermo stability of ROTASIIL which is 18 months- (540 days) at 37 °C. Efforts to develop a more appropriate VVM are on-going.

It has been already noted that there is remarkable reduction in mortality from diarrheal disease after vaccine introduction in



Requirements to Implement

From a Published Review from PATH...

Chen D, Kristensen D, Expert Rev Vaccines. 2009 May;8(5):547-57. Opportunities and challenges of developing thermostable vaccines

manufacturing practices in order to produce material for clinical trials Healthy infants are the target population Convincing demonstration of safety will be required Convincing demonstration of safety will be required Technical Formulation development might be complex Demonstrating clinical efficacy of reformulated product There is so predictive rapid potency assay; many diseases/vaccines do not have good predictive preclinical models There is still a lack of validated clinical end points and biomarkers (including assays of immune function) for many diseases The components of combination vaccines that are used in combinations The components of combination vaccines an interact differently with each other and also The components of commercial & intellectual property Costs associated with developing and obtaining registration for reformulated vaccines are large and are not compatible with the low prices paid for vaccines for public-sector markets It is often difficult to quantify the problem (e.g., health and economic impact of vaccine instability) and The tolerance of serious adverse events in healthy infants is extremely low formulations of proven safety if possible; not formulations might not be adopted Postmarketing surveillance will be required amount of clinical testing needed for approvations amount of clinical testing needed for approvations and broads are still a lack of validated clinical end points and broads are not surplined to end to a sufficient provation of the safety of the impact of the stability might not development costs The components of combination vaccines can interact differently with each other and also The component in the low provation of the stability might			
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	IP: Intellectual property.		



Links to Pertinent Publications

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

OPEN

Visual Indicators on Vaccine Boxes as Early Warning Tools to Identify Potential Freeze Damage

Ronald Angoft MD, EtAP, *† Allien Wood, † Harto C. Chernock, ‡ and Diane Tippings

Background: The six of this study was to destroin whether the use of visual linear indicators on manison would so in hadde use provides in identifying receives that may have been exposed to pointingly derivaging to consequence.

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Key Wards running Bross Indianies, resolve skenge, vareine mane, vaccier petrosy

Lighter Direction Process 2005/00: 804-800

cost of \$1.6 billion." The VCF program is administered by the US-Cunters for Disease Control and Provention (CDC). For vaccines to be affective, they must be properly stood and

For vaccious to be difficult, they must be proposely intended. For the time of manufaction through delivery to and assungs in the prevident office. "Whenever opened to an impropriate considers, and ading contains had not cold exposure, can office protection, and ading contains had not cold despite any analysis of the containing of the

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Biologicals

Volume 40, Issue 5, September 2014, Pages 237-259



Revie

Vaccine instability in the cold chain: Mechanisms, analysis and formulation strategies

Ozan S. Kumru^a, Sangeeta B. Joshi^a, Dawn E. Smith^a, C. Russell Middaugh^a, Ted Prusik^a, David B. Volkin^a. & 🖼

III Management

doi:10.1016/j.biologicals.2014.05.007

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Tools and approaches to ensure quality of vaccines throughout the cold chain

Expert Rev. Viscolnes 13(7), 843-854 (2014)

Umit Kartoglu*¹ and Julie Milstien ²

*Department of Econolis Madicines Halder Meducity, Wards Health Opportuniting, 20 Juneous Appla, 37 Genero 1211, Switzenland "It bit so led Conscients, Michigana 15, 34070-Marrigadier, Prance *Austrian Fronce opportunition 74, 18 - +10, 221 1919 1812 Par 441, 227 274 1814 The Departed Program on Immutation was disapped 40 years ago for two types of concerns. Show the an elect social but from service access to the cell of messing but how both. A cold chase was developed for transport and storage of such records and established and cold chase was developed for transport and storage of such records and established and cold chase was developed for transport and storage of such sections and section for the such as the section of the parted success harding include development and introduction of new vacciers with a vide large of classifications, incomment of the social particle of several back records, showershow of such feeding an end first it, development of engolishing politicity to both vaccier development for the such particles. With such day, patch health groups here row energydevelopment of vacciers (all sections of the such and the such and the such as proceedings of the storage places.)





Thank you!!!

