Technology Transfer

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International Vaccine Institute

Outline of Presentation

- Overview of International Vaccine Institute (IVI)
- Technology Transfers from IVI to DCVMs
- Execution of Vaccine Technology Transfer my experience from the past



Every child should have the opportunity to receive high quality, safe and efficacious vaccines

to

protect them from life threatening infectious diseases





IVI is a Vaccine R&D Center with a Global Health Mission

VISION	Developing countries free of suffering from infectious diseases
MISSION	Discover, develop and deliver safe, effective and affordable vaccines for global public health

An International Organization

- UNDP initiative
- First international organization in Korea founded in 1997
- 35 countries and WHO as state parties

A Global Vaccine Research Institute

- HQ and laboratory in Seoul
- Field programs in 29 countries: Asia, Africa, Latin America





IVI has a Global Footprint, with Field Programs in 29 Countries



Signatories to IVI's Establishment Agreement

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Bangladesh	Bhutan	Brazil	China	Ecuador	Egypt	India	Indonesia
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Israel	Jamaica	Kazakhstan	Kyrgyzstan	Lebanon	Liberia	Malta	Mongolia
Myanmar	Nepal	Netherlands	义 Oman	Pakistan	* *	Papua New Guinea	(ف) Peru
*			*				
Philippines	Republic of Korea	Romania	Senegal	Sri Lanka	Sweden	Tajikistan	Thailand
C* Turkey	C .::: Uzbekistan	Vietnam	World Health Organization				

Funding

Major funders

- Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation
- Korean Government (Ministry of Education)
- Swedish Government (Sida)

Private- & public-sector and nonprofit donors

- <u>Korea:</u> Korea Support Committee for IVI (KSC), Samsung, LG
 Electronics, Kia Motors, Yanghyun Foundation, Korea Exchange Bank,
 Export Import Bank of Korea, KOICA
- <u>International:</u> German Government (BMBF), UBS Optimus
 Foundation, Thrasher Foundation, Rockefeller Foundation, Sanofi,
 Pfizer, GSK, Merck



DISCOVER

- Pathogen
 genotyping
- Novel antigens
- Novel adjuvants
- New delivery mechanisms
- New routes of administration

DEVELOP

- Laboratory process development
- Assay development
- Technology transfer
 - for large-scale production
- Clinical
 development
- Regulatory expertise

DELIVER

- Epidemiological and Socioeconomic studies
 Vaccine
 - feasibility/acceptance
- Field effectiveness studies
- Cost-effectiveness and impact analyses
- Dissemination to stakeholders

Rational , affordable and sustainable vaccine introduction









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DCVM

• New adm n

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- Clinical
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DCVM

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Rational, affordable and sustainable vaccine introduction





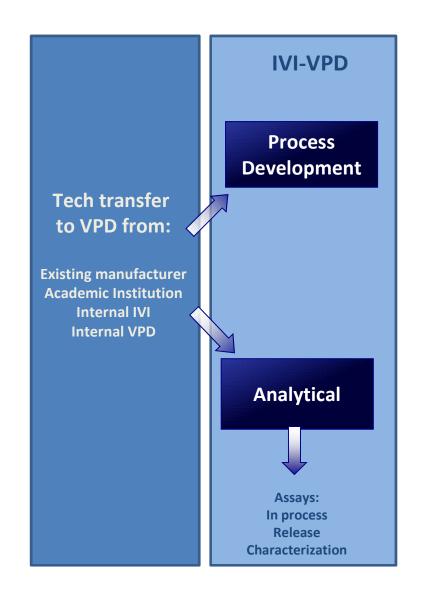




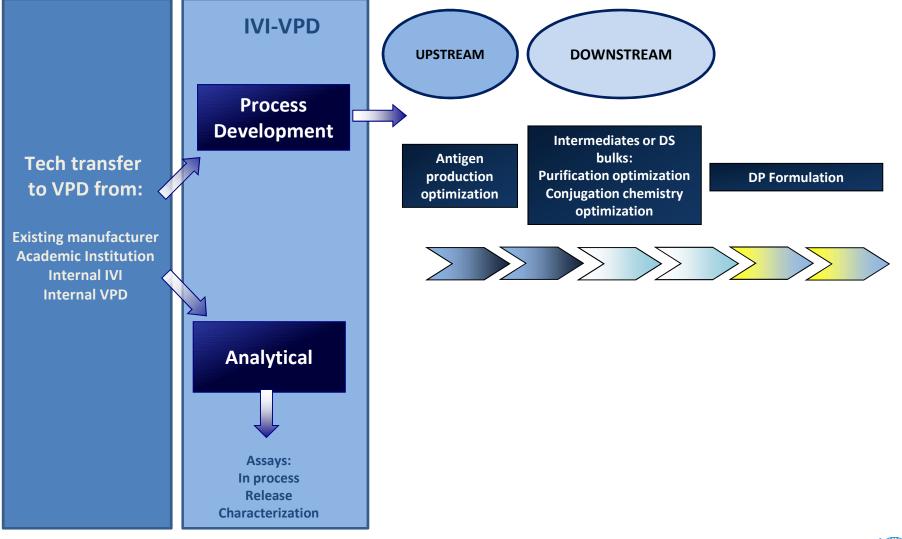
Tech transfer to VPD from:

Existing manufacturer Academic Institution Internal IVI Internal VPD

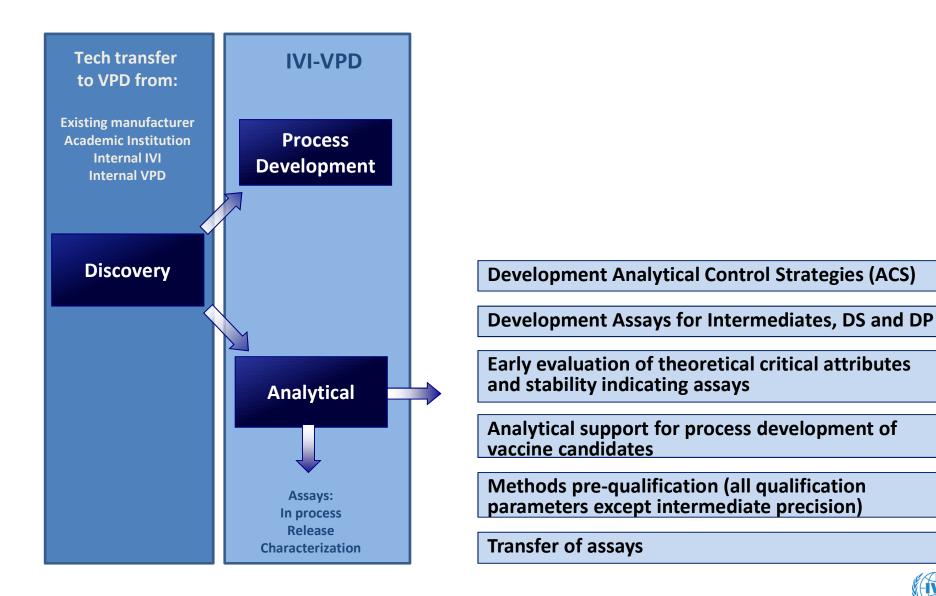




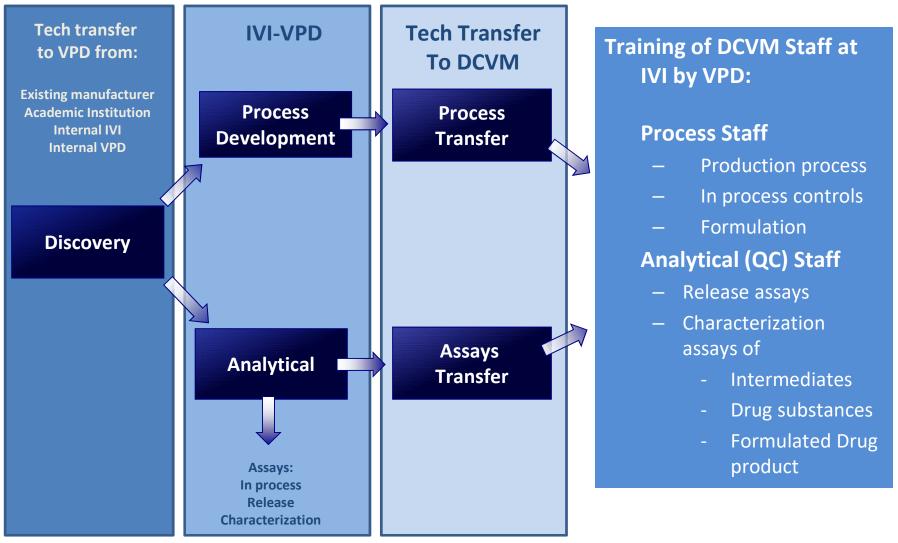




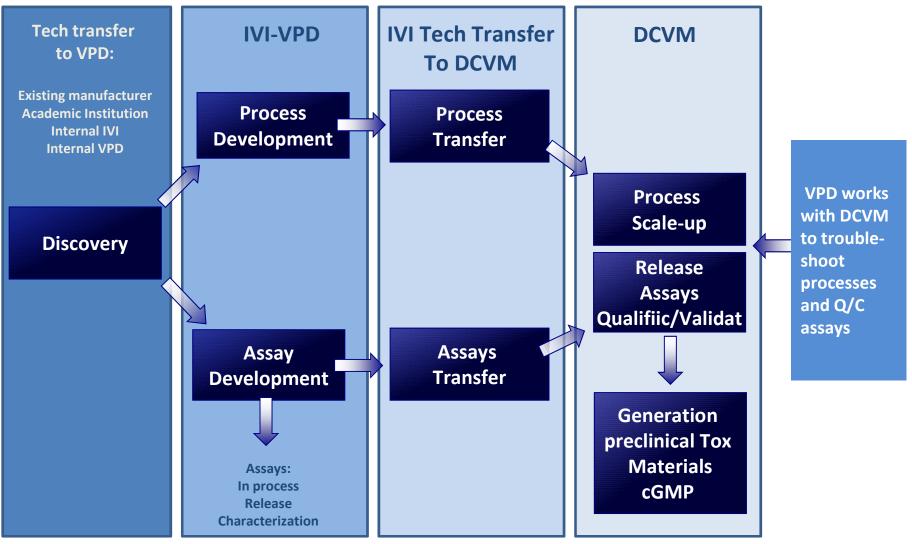






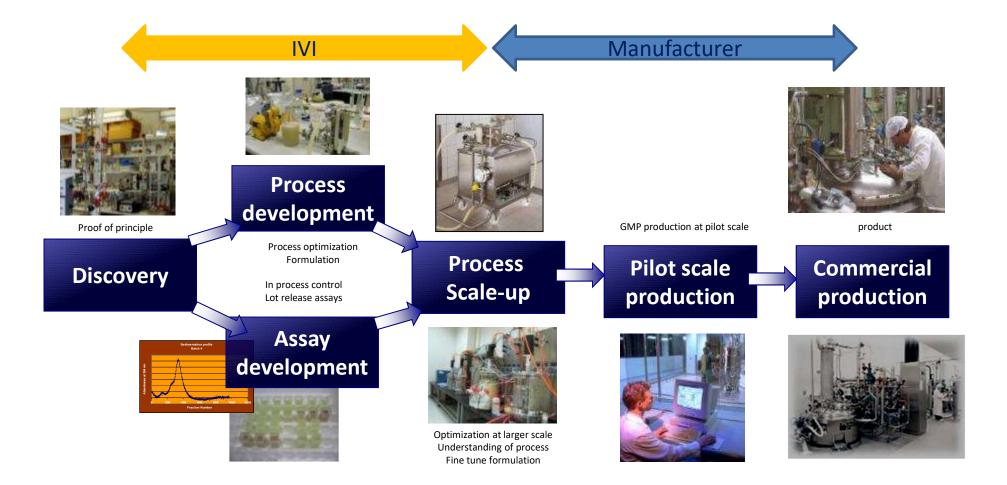








Vaccine Development Process





Successfully Transferred Vaccine Technologies by IVI

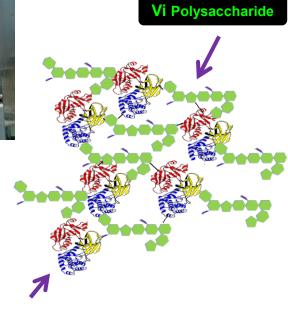
Oral Cholera Vaccine

OCV Formulation:

Strain	LEU/mL
Formalin inactivated El Tor Inaba (Phil 6973)	600
Heat inactivated Classical Inaba (Cairo 48)	300
Heat inactivated Classical Ogawa (Cairo 50)	300
Formalin inactivated Classical Ogawa (Cairo 50)	300
Formalin inactivated 0139 (4260B)	600



Typhoid Conjugate Vaccine



DT

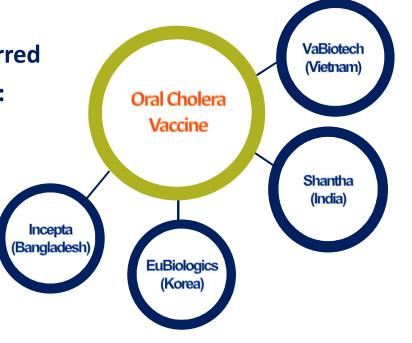


Oral Cholera Vaccine



ORCVAX (VaBiotech, Vietnam) reformulated in collaboration with VaBiotech in 2004 to mORCVAX

To meet the projected demand for OCV vaccination in the public market, IVI transferred the mORCVAX manufacturing technology to:





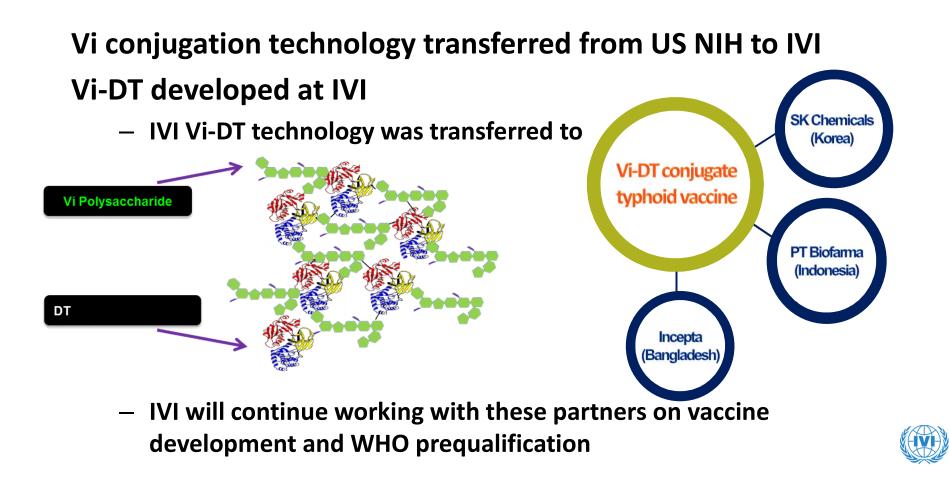
Cholera Vaccine : IVI Manufacturers Support

Company	Collaboration	Stage of Development		
Vabiotech (Vietnam)	IVI re-formulated, redeveloped p rocess to meet WHO standards Tech Transfer in 2007	 Re-licensed in Vietnam 		
Shantha (India)	Tech Transfer May 2008	 Licensed in India (Feb 2009). WHO prequalified Sep 2011 		
EuBiologics (Korea)	Tech Transfer 2010 - 2011	 Korean export license 2015 WHO PQ Dec 2015 WHO PQ 2016 New formulation (600L, 1 thimerosal) 		
Incepta (Bangladesh)	Tech Transfer 2014	 Clinical trial for licensure completed in 20 17, license expected in 2017 		



Typhoid Conjugate Vaccine

Conjugation technology for Vi was originally developed at US NIH (Vi-rEPA)



Typhoid Conjugate Vaccine (TCV) Program

Manufacturing Partners	Partnership	Stage of development	Likely start of first clinical tri al
Shantha (India)	Tech transfer 2010	Produced clinical lots Have now decided to discontinued de velopment	Partnership discontinued
BioFarma (Indonesia)	Tech transfer 2013	Phase 1 (First in Human)	March 2017
SK Chemicals (Korea)	Tech transfer 2013	Phase 1 (First in Human)	Sept 2016
Incepta (Bangladesh)	Tech transfer 2014	Preclinical studies	



Vaccine Technology Transfer (TT)



International Vaccine Institute

Vaccine Technology Transfer (TT)

Objective:

Transfer Vaccine production processes and analytical controls from Originating laboratory (IVI) to Receiving laboratory (DCVM)

Deliverable:

The successful execution of a demonstration batches

Prior Initiation of Technology Transfer:

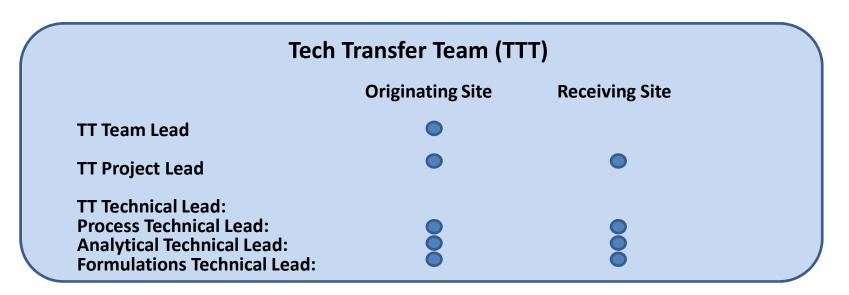
- Tech Transfer Team (TTT) Formed
- Draft Technical Transfer Protocol (TTP)
 - Agree on Success Criteria
 - Write checklist for TT and each area

Note: TTP is drafted and agreed upon by both the Receiving manufacturing partner and IVI as the Originating laboratory.



Technical Transfer Team (TTT)

Responsible for receiving and implementing processes and analytical methods to the manufacturer's Receiving laboratory site



TT Team Leadership:

• TT Project Lead is from Originating lab until the processes and assays has successfully been demonstrated at the Receiving lab.



Technical Transfer Protocol (TTP)

1.0 PURPOSE

2.0 SCOPE

3.0 ADDRESS OF ORIGINATING AND RECEIVING FACILITIES

4.0 TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER TEAM MEMBERS

5.0 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

6.0 COMMUNICATION PLAN AND ESCALATION PROCESS

7.0 VACCINE AND ITS INTERMEDIATES

8.0 DELIVERABLEs

8.1 IVI - Originating lab

8.2 Manufacturer - Receiving lab

9.0 SUCCESS CRITERIA

9.1 Cell Banking

9.2 Cell Culture/Fermentation

9.3 Purification

9.3.1 Batch Records

9.3.2 Target Quality Attributes

9.3.3 Reports

9.4 Analytical

9.4.1 Release Tests

9.4.2 Characterization Tests

9.4.3 In Process Control Tests

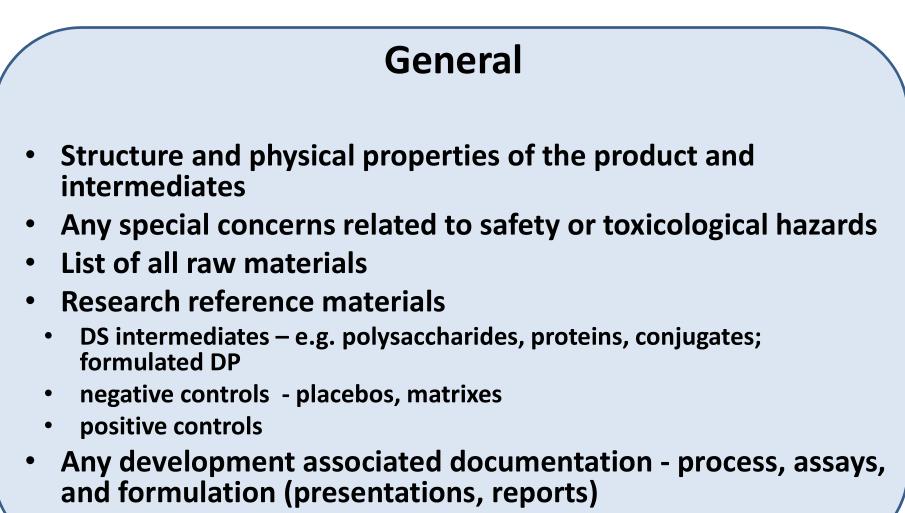
9.5 Formulation

10.0 TECH TRANSFER SCHEDULE

11.0 REPORTS



TTP DELIVERABLEs by Originating Laboratories



• Stability, storage conditions, etc



TTP DELIVERABLEs by Originating Laboratories - continued

Production Process

- Process flow diagrams showing the sequence of operations
- A step-by-step written procedure for each processing operation
- The rationale for the process design, defining the envelope of acceptable processing parameters and equipment choice
- Batch records for each processing operation
- Known Critical process steps indicated
- Data concerning hold points
- API storage conditions
- The rationale for the process design
- Equipment requirements



TTP DELIVERABLEs by Originating Laboratories - continued

Analytical

- Analytical control strategy (ACS)
- List of test methods (in-process, release and characterization) + SOPs,
- Specifications for in-process and release tests
- Assays research reference materials
 - DS intermediates e.g. polysaccharides, proteins, conjugates; formulated DP
 - negative controls placebos, matrixes
 - positive controls
- Critical reagents antisera, Mabs
- Equipment requirements
- Any development documentation associated with the assay (presentations, reports)
- Known Critical Quality Attributes (CQAs)

TTP DELIVERABLEs by Receiving Laboratories listed in TTP

- Produce at least two demonstration batches
- Write Batch records (BPRs)
 - BPRs are reviewed and approved by Originating lab (IVI) and Receiving lab (Purification Technical leads) prior to execution of the demonstration batches
- Scale Laboratory and pilot (a scale similar to that practiced in IVI) scales
- Write detailed process description of the demonstration batches
- Outline all changes required to successfully implement the process at the Receiving lab
- Write a brief summary of the demonstration batches to document the successful execution of the process at the site
- Record investigations of deviations, potential impact, corrective actions
- It is expected that batches produced by the Receiving lab will meet specifications for all quality attributes and critical quality attributes
- Changes to the quality attributes need to be approved by the TTT.

Note: It is important that any changes required to accommodate the process at the Receiving site must be approved through the TT Team and TT Team leader before the initiation of lab/pilot work.



TTP SUCCESS CRITERIA

Success criteria (SC) need to be listed for each process step

- Cell Banking
- Cell Culture/Fermentation
- Purification
- Conjugation
- Formulation
- SC need to be achieved to consider the technology transfer complete
- Changes to the SC must be approved by the TT Team leads.



Tech Transfer Checklist

Process (Fermentation, Purification, Conjugation, Formulation)

ltem	Responsible person	Expected date of completion	Actual date of completion	Comments
Bill of Materials				
Process Description				
In-Process Samples				
Reference Std				
In-Process Assays				
Process Consistency at Originating Lab				
Success Criteria				
Process Lab Demo at Receiving lab				
Process Pilot Demo at Receiving lab				
Process Successfully Transferred				



TTP Analytical

Analytical Assays

Release Tests Characterization Tests In Process Control Tests

- Assays already being performed by Receiving lab <u>are verified</u> under Analytical Bridging Protocol
- Assays "Novel" to Receiving are transferred to Receiving lab under a separate Analytical Tech Transfer Protocol
- TT and Bridging results for each method are summarized in separate Analytical TT or Bridging Report
- Analytical TT Reports are referenced in Tech Transfer Report



TTP Analytical -continued

Assays Transfer Protocol

- Single protocol for each "Novel" assay at the Receiving lab
- Includes copy of SOP number at the Originating lab
- Reference materials (Research reference materials) and Critical reagents provided by Originating lab
- Success criteria for assay transfer
- Indication if assay measures Critical Quality Atribute (COA) or Critical Process step

Assay Bridging Protocol

- For assays already run at the Receiving lab
- Can be combined for all assays
- Success criteria for assay bridging



TTP: Tech Transfer Schedule and Reports

TECH TRANSFER SCHEDULE

 Anticipated TT schedules/timelines for each area (process, analytical and formulation) are outlined in this section.

REPORTS

A table containing the list of projected reports to be written for technology transfer activities:

- Upstream process
- Downstream process
- Conjugation process
- Analytical TT reports
- Formulation TT reports



Tech Transfer Report written by Receiving lab

Content:

- Flow chart
- Structure and pertinent physical properties of the product and intermediates
- A detailed process description of the demonstration batch(es)
- A brief summary of the demonstration batches (to document the successful execution of the process at the Receiving site)
- A table containing the list of reports related to all technology transfer activities Process (Upstream, Downstream, Conjugation, and Formulation)
- A Table with the list of analytical methods used during production process and release of Vaccine candidate after TT. It should contain
 - Attribute measured by each method
 - Purpose of the assay (Release, In process or Characterization)
 - SOP numbers from both laboratories (Originating and Receiving)
 - Indication if method was transferred or verified/bridged
 - The status of the assay qualification/validation
- List of changes required to successfully implement the process at the Receiving site
- Investigation of deviations, potential impact, corrective actions



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IVI Collaborators

Academy of Medical Sciences, North Korea Aga Khan University, Pakistan Agence de Medcine Preventive, France Armauer Hansen Research Institute (AHRI), Ethiopia Bernhard Nocht Institute for Tropical Medicine, Germany Biofarma, Indonesia BMBF, Government of Germany Catholic University, South Korea Celltrion, South Korea Celltrion, South Korea Coalition against Typhoid Directorate of Health Services, Department of Health and Family Welfare, State G overnment of Orissa, India Ethiopian Health and Nutrition Research Institute, Ethiopia EuBiologics, South Korea Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center, USA Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance, Switzerland Green Cross, South Korea Group for Technical Assistance, Nepal icddr,b, Bangladesh Incepta Pharmaceuticals, Bangladesh Indian Council of Medical Research, India Institut Pasteur, Senegal Institut Superieur des Sciences de la Population, Burkina Faso Institut Superieur des Sciences de la Population, Burkina Faso Institut Butantan, Brazil Johns Hopkins University, International Vaccine Access Center (IVAC), USA Kenya Medical Research Institute, Kenya	Mahidol University, Thailand Ministries of Health (Ethiopia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Mongolia, Sudan) Ministries of Public Health (Brazil, Colombia, Thailand) National Institute of Cholera and Enteric Diseases (NICED), India National Institute of Hygiene and Epidemiology (NIHE), Vietnam National Institutes of Health (NIH), USA PATH, USA Pohang University of Science and Technology (POSTECH), South Korea Regional Medical Research Centre, Bhubaneswar, Orissa, India Sabin Vaccine Institute, USA Sanofi Pasteur, France Seoul National University, South Korea Shantha Biotechnics, India SK Chemicals, South Korea University of Alabama at Birmingham, USA University of Florida, USA University of Gothenburg, Sweden University of Queensland, Australia University of Vermont, USA University of Virginia, USA VaBiotech, Vietnam Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute, UK WHO Initiative for Vaccine Research (IVR), Switzerland WHO Regional Office for South-East Asia (SEARO), India WHO Regional Office for the Western Pacific (WPRO), Philippines World Health Organization, Switzerland
Instituto Butantan, Brazil	WHO Regional Office for South-East Asia (SEARO), India
	World Health Organization, Switzerland
Kilimanjaro Christian Medical Centre, Tanzania Korea Center for Disease Control, South Korea Korea National Institute of Health (KNIH), South Korea Korea Research Institute of Bioscience and Biotechnology (KRIBB), South Korea Kumasi Centre for Collaborative Research in Tropical Medicine, Ghana	Yonsei University, South Korea



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